CONFIDENTIAL

MODULAR REVIEW FORM (MRF2)

for

Retrospective Case Record Review

Directions:

- 1. Complete stage A in full
- 2. Complete stage B in full
- 3. Complete the relevant subsection(s) in Stage C (as identified in A7)
- 4. Complete the relevant subsection(s) in Stage D (as identified in Stage C)
- 5. Complete stage E in full
- 6. "AE" means adverse event
- 7. Please print or write responses or notes legibly
- 8. Please return this form to the team leader on completion

Woloshynowych M, Neale G, Vincent CA. Case record review of adverse events: a new approach. Quality and Safety in Health Care. 2003;12:411-5

Stage A: PATIENT INFORMATION AND BACKGI	ROUND TO ADVERSE EVENT
Reviewer ID Number:	Date of Review: d d m m y y Time Commenced Review: Time Review Finished: (use 24 hour clock)
A2 PATIENT INFORMATION Patient's age: Date of Admission:	Sex: M/F Pregnancy: Yes/No Degree of emergency at time of admission 1 Critical (life at risk) 3 Semi-urgent 2 Urgent (emergency) 4 Routine (non-urgent / waiting list)
A3 NATURE OF ILLNESS Primary dia	agnosis
Prognosis from the primary illness? To answer tick 3A Complete recovery back to patient's normal health Yes No If yes, then complete recovery is: 1 Probable 1 Non-pro	with residual Yes No Ecovery is: Yes No If yes, the prognosis is:
	progressive 3 Expected to survive >3 month
A4 CO-MORBIDITIES Please tick all of the following co-morbidities that apply	Not known
Cardio-vascular Coronary artery disease Peripheral vascular disease Cardiac insufficiency or dysrhythmia Hypertension Respiratory Asthma COPD (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease) Other serious lung problem (e.g. severe tuberculous scarring, pneumonectomy) (specify)	Bone/joint disorders Osteoporosis Severe rheumatoid arthritis Severe osteoarthritis Disability Wheel chair bound Blind Deaf Learning difficulty Other (specify)
Gastro-intenstinal Chronic or recurrent dyspepsia Inflammatory bowel disease Crohn's / colitis Chronic liver disorder	Psychiatric Schizophrenia Affective disorder Other (specify)
Endocrine Diabetes Endocrine disorder (e.g. thyroid, adrenal) (specify) Neurological	Psychosocial Alcoholism Drug abuse Smoker Homeless
Epilepsy Stroke Parkinson's Dementia Other serious neurological disorders (e.g. MS, MND) (specify)	Other (specify) Infection AIDS Chronic infection (e.g. Hep C, MRSA) (specify) Trauma
Renal Chronic renal disease	Multiple Traumas (e.g. RTA) Nutritional status
Haematological Anaemia Leukaemia Lymphoma Other (specify)	Obese Cachetic Other (specify) Other co-morbidity
Existing cancer Specify	Allergies Specify

A5 SPECIALTY CARING FOR PATIENT
Indicate with a tick (\checkmark) under which specialty the patient was admitted. Indicate with a cross (\ast) which specialty was responsible for the patient when the AE occurred.
GENERAL 0 uncertain 1 Accident & Emergency (A&E) 2 General Intensive Care
S 3 Anaesthesiology 9 Obstetrics 15 Urological Surgery 16 ENT Surgery 17 Eye Surgery 18 Other (specify) 17 Eye Surgery 18 Neurosurgery 14 Vascular Surgery 14 Vascular Surgery
19 Cardiology (incl. CCU) 28 Internal Medicine (not otherwise classified) 37 Psychiatry 37 Psychiatry 38 Pulmonary Disease 39 Padiation Therapy 30 Padiation Therapy 30 Padiation Therapy 30 Padiation Therapy 31 Padiation Unit 32 Padiation Unit 33 Padiation Unit 34 Pathology 34 Pathology 35 Padiatrics 36 Physical Medicine 36 Physical Medicine 37 Psychiatry 38 Pulmonary Disease 39 Padiation Therapy 39 Padiation Therapy 40 Padiation Unit 40 Padiation Unit 41 Padiation Unit 42 Pathology 43 Pathology 43 Other (specify) 44 Pathology 45 Padiatrics 45 Padiatrics 46 Physical Medicine 36 Physical Medicine 36 Physical Medicine 37 Psychiatry 38 Pulmonary Disease 39 Padiation Therapy 40 Padiation Unit 40 Padiation Unit 41 Padiation Unit 42 Pathology 43 Other (specify) 43 Other (specify) 44 Pathology 45 Padiatrics 45 Padiatrics 46 Physical Medicine 36 Physical Medicine 37 Psychiatry 38 Pulmonary Disease 39 Padiatrion Unit 40 Pathology 40 Padiatrion Unit 40 Pathology 41 Pathology 42 Pathology 43 Other (specify) 44 Pathology 45 Padiatrion Unit 47 Pathology 48 Pathology 48 Pathology 49 Pathology
O T A4 Dentistry/Oral Surgery 48 Nursing 52 Podiatry T A5 Dietary 49 Osteopathy 53 Support Services H A6 Hospital Physical Plant 50 Pharmacy (e.g. transportation) T A7 Midwifery 51 Physical or Occupational Therapy 54 Other (specify)
A6 IDENTIFYING MAIN FEATURES OF THE ADVERSE EVENT
An adverse event has to fulfil all three criteria: a) an unintended injury or complication , b) temporary or permanent disability and/or increased length of stay or death c) caused by health care management
a) INJURY or COMPLICATION Was there a patient injury or complication? Yes No
b) DISABILITY / EXTENDED STAY Did the injury or complication result in disability at the time of discharge and/or a prolonged hospital stay (or re-admission or out-patient treatment) or death? 1 Disability at discharge 2 Prolonged/subsequent stay or treatment 3 Death Yes No No
c) CAUSE OF INJURY OR COMPLICATION This question relates to circumstances that led to the injury such as a procedure or treatment that caused the injury or whether there was some omission in management or ordinary standard of care. One way to help understand this question is to consider whether the injury or complication would have occurred if the procedure had not been carried out. For example where a patient suffered a wound infection following surgery there is strong evidence that healthcare management is responsible (the wound infection would not have occurred without the surgery). Where the patient may have been predisposed to wound infections then the confidence score for will be reduced.
Was the patient's injury/complication caused by 1 health care management 2 health care management interacting with disease process 3 solely by disease process

A6 (cont.)	
	to AE: then STOP) t causation n 50-50 but close call ot, more than 50-50 but close call at causation
	s each AE independently completing the necessary eat previously answered general questions) and Es
A7 ADVERSE EVENT SUMMARY Describe AE in context of overall illness	Date of adverse event d d m m y y
Give details of the pre-admission assessment / waiting	g period relevant to AE
Give details of contributory events leading up to the A	E
Give details of any key action/inaction that played a sig	ignificant part in the causation of the AE

Describe the principal problem in the patient's care that led to the AE (e.g. was it a diagnostic error,

With this clinical scenario indicate, if possible, how often this sort of injury or complication may

3 occasionally (10-24%)

1 very rarely (<1%) 3 occasionally (10-24 2 rarely (1-9%) 4 frequently (> 25%)

Give any other details relevant to the AE (e.g. time of event if known)

technical mishap, failure to monitor, etc.)

occur?

A7 (cont.)
Identify any other problems (major lapses in care) related to this AE and when these occurred in
relation to the principal problem 1
2
3
Specify the period(s) during which the principal problem in care occurred. Tick as many as apply to the principal problem. This will identify which sub-section in Stage C you will need to complete.
 C1. Care on admission to a ward (includes pre-operative assessment and assessment in A&E department and emergency care before full assessment)
☐ C2. Care during a procedure (including surgery and anaesthesia)
☐ C3. Post-operative care or post-procedure/High dependency or ITU care
☐ C4 . General ward care (after operation; or after full assessment and commencement of medical care)
☐ C5. End of admission assessment and discharge care
Was there an error in handling the AE? Yes No Not clear
If so, give details
A8 ADEQUACY OF RECORDS FOR JUDGEMENT OF AE
How adequate were the records in providing information to enable judgements of AE?
Medical records were adequate to make a reasonable judgement Some deficiencies in the records (specify) Major deficiencies (specify) Severe deficiencies, impossible to make judgements about AE (specify)

Stage B: THE INJURY AND ITS EF	FECTS
B1 DISABILITY CAUSED BY ADVERS	E EVENT
	e event on the patient (e.g. increased pain and suffering for x days; atient not given adequate care and support; contributed to or caused death)
Please use your judgement to asses Physical impairment	s the degree of disability (tick the relevant number)
	or disability (still an AE if hospital stay was prolonged)
1 Minimal impairment and/	covery in one to six months
The state of the s	covery in six months to a year
4 Permanent impairment, of	·
5 Permanent impairment, of	disability > 50%
6 Permanent nursing	
7 Institutional care	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
8 Death (specify what was 8.1 Death unrelated to A	the contribution of AE to the death)
8.2 Minimal contribution	
8.3 Moderate contribution	
8.4 Death entirely due to	o AE
9 Cannot reasonably judge	
Emotional trauma 0 No emotional trauma 1 Minimal emotional traum 2 Moderate trauma, recove 3 Moderate trauma, recove 4 Severe trauma effects la 5 Cannot reasonably judge	ery in six months to a year sting longer than a year
B2 THE EFFECT OF THE ADVERSE	EVENT ON HOSPITAL RESOURCES
Was a portion of, or the entire hospi	talisation, due to the AE (including transfer to another hospital where known)
1 No increase in hosp	
2 Portion of hospital s 3 Re-admission (entit	stay re subsequent hospital stay)
Estimate how many additional days, because of the AE?	or partial days, were spent in hospital days (*)
Estimate the total number of da Indicate which specialty and nur	nys attributable to the AE. nber of days, or partial days, per specialty attributable to the AE.
Medical specialty (specify)	No. of extra bed days per specialty
Surgical specialty (specify)	
ICU/CCU/HDU* (specify)	
* Intensive Care Unit / Coronary Care Unit / High Dependency Unit	Total number of extra days attributable to the AE This should match the previous question above (*)

B3 ADDITIONAL TREATMENT AS A RESULT OF THE AE
What additional <i>procedures</i> (medical or surgical procedures, including any unnecessary investigations) were performed as a result of the AE?
What additional <i>medications</i> (including intravenous fluids and blood transfusion) were administered as a result of the AE?
What additional <i>treatment</i> (e.g. physiotherapy, counselling) was given as a result of the AE?

Stage C: PERIOD OF HOSPITALISATION DURING WHICH ADVERSE EVENT OCCURRED

Complete: Section(s) relevant to the adverse event (see A7) AND Section C6

-OP ASSESSMENT)
to the ward and initial treatment)
nior doctor) nior doctor) etist for pre-op
any as apply) or On Ward
→ D1 → D2
→ D3
→ D4
→ D5
→ D6
→ D7
∕es ☐ No

o which procedure was to a comparison of a com	anaesthetic inhalation, local, epidural) acture dure isation iology	11 Cathete 12 Draining 13 Thoraci 14 Lumbar 15 Adminis 16 Siting a	up CVP line erising bladder g fluid from body cavity ic drain for pneumothorax
/hen was the procedure (of anaesthesia) carri	2	Date	
pecify patient's medical	condition that required primary diagnosis indi	<u> </u>	Time of finish
2. Consultant/atte 3. Supervised trai 4. Unsupervised to 5. Other (specify)	ending or fully trained opera ending or fully trained opera inee trainee		
1. Consultant/atte 2. Consultant/atte 3. Supervised trai 4. Unsupervised t	ending or fully trained opera ending or fully trained opera inee trainee	ator <i>without</i> assist	eant
1. Consultant/atte 2. Consultant/atte 3. Supervised trai 4. Unsupervised to 5. Other (specify) 6. Not clear /hat was the nature of the 1 Diagnosis 2 Overall assessment 3 Management/monito 4 Infection-related rela 5 Technical problem re (e.g. Intubation; Equipment	ending or fully trained operatending or fully trained operatinee trainee e principal problem und (incl. Pre-op assessment) ring (incl. Nursing/Ancited to a procedure	derlying the AE	eant

en did the principal problem occur? 1. during the immediate post-procedural care (i.e. whils 2. during high dependency care 3. during care in the intensive care unit	st in the recovery area)
o was responsible for post-procedural, HDU or ITU care?	
Doctor who carried out procedure	
2 HDU or ITU Team	
3 Assistant (specify)	
4 Specific doctor (specify)	
5 Anaesthetist	
6 Ward doctor	
7 Other (specify) 8 Not clear	
o Not clear	
at is the nature of the principal problem?	
1 Diagnosis	→ D1
2 Overall assessment	→ D2
3 Management/monitoring (incl. Nursing/Ancillary care) (e.g. Failure to monitor adequately; Failure to treat appropriately; Failure to ensure condition stable before handover)	→ D3
4 Infection-related	→ D4
5 Technical problem related to a procedure	→ D5
6 Drugs (including anaesthetic agent) / Fluids / Blood	→ D6
7 Resuscitation	→ D7
8 Other (specify)	
re there any other problems during this period/section of care	
not covered by the above?	Yes No
If so specify	
If so, specify	

If the principal problem was in ward care, was it due to (Tick all that apply) 1 a failure in medical care (i.e. care by ward doctors) 2 a failure in nursing care 3 a failure in care from professions allied to medicine: 3.1 Physiotherapy 3.2 Dietician/nutritionist 3.3 Pharmacist 3.4 Chiropody 3.5 Social worker 3.6 Other (specify) Describe the principal problem:	24 PRINCIPAL PROBLEM RELATED TO WARD CARE (Including errors in c	clinical management)
2 a failure in nursing care 3 a failure in care from professions allied to medicine: 3.1 Physiotherapy 3.2 Dieticaln/nutritionist 3.3 Pharmacist 3.4 Chiropody 3.5 Social worker 3.6 Other (specify) Describe the principal problem: 1 Ward doctor (house officer or SHO status) who 'knew' the patient 2 Ward doctor unlikely to 'know' patient 3 Ward doctors under guidance of specialist registrar 4 Trained specialists (specialist registrar/middle grade or consultant/attending) 5 Senior nurse 6 Junior nurse 7 Agency nurse 8 Other allied professional (specify) 9 Other (specify) 10 Cannot determine from record What was the nature of the principal problem? (tick the appropriate number(s)) 1 Diagnosis 2 Overall assessment 3 D1 2 Overall assessment 4 Infection-related 5 Technical problem related to a procedure 5 D6 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood 5 D6	the principal problem was in ward care, was it due to (Tick all that apply)	
3 a failure in care from professions allied to medicine: 3.1 Physiotherapy 3.2 Dietician/nutritionist 3.3 Pharmacist 3.4 Chiropody 3.5 Social worker 3.6 Other (specify) Describe the principal problem: 1 Ward doctor (house officer or SHO status) who 'knew' the patient 2 Ward doctor unlikely to 'know' patient 3 Ward doctors under guidance of specialist registrar 4 Trained specialists (specialist registrar/middle grade or consultant/attending) 5 Senior nurse 6 Junior nurse 7 Agency nurse 8 Other allied professional (specify) 9 Other (specify) 10 Cannot determine from record What was the nature of the principal problem? (tick the appropriate number(s)) 1 Diagnosis	1 a failure in medical care (i.e. care by ward doctors)	
3.1 Physiotherapy 3.2 Dietician/nutritionist 3.3 Pharmacist 3.4 Chiropody 3.5 Social worker 3.6 Other (specify) Describe the principal problem: 1 Ward doctor (house officer or SHO status) who 'knew' the patient 2 Ward doctor unlikely to 'know' patient 3 Ward doctors under guidance of specialist registrar 4 Trained specialists (specialist registrar/middle grade or consultant/attending) 5 Senior nurse 6 Junior nurse 7 Agency nurse 8 Other allied professional (specify) 9 Other (specify) 10 Cannot determine from record What was the nature of the principal problem? (tick the appropriate number(s)) 1 Diagnosis	2 a failure in nursing care	
Who was responsible for the episode of ward care related to the principal problem? 1 Ward doctor (house officer or SHO status) who 'knew' the patient 2 Ward doctors under guidance of specialist registrar 4 Trained specialists (specialist registrar/middle grade or consultant/attending) 5 Senior nurse 6 Junior nurse 7 Agency nurse 8 Other allied professional (specify) 9 Other (specify) 10 Cannot determine from record What was the nature of the principal problem? (tick the appropriate number(s)) 1 Diagnosis 2 Overall assessment 3 D1 4 Infection-related 5 Technical problem related to a procedure 3 D6 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood 5 Technical ploblem related to a procedure 5 D7 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood 7 Status (he principal problem?)	3.1 Physiotherapy 3.2 Dietician/nutritionist 3.3 Pharmacist 3.4 Chiropody 3.5 Social worker	
1 Ward doctor (house officer or SHO status) who 'knew' the patient 2 Ward doctor unlikely to 'know' patient 3 Ward doctors under guidance of specialist registrar 4 Trained specialists (specialist registrar/middle grade or consultant/attending) 5 Senior nurse 6 Junior nurse 7 Agency nurse 8 Other allied professional (specify) 9 Other (specify) 10 Cannot determine from record What was the nature of the principal problem? (tick the appropriate number(s)) 1 Diagnosis 2 Overall assessment 3 Ward doctor unlikely to 'know' patient 4 Trained specialists (specialist registrar/middle grade or consultant/attending) 5 Senior nurse 6 Junior nurse 7 Agency nurse 8 Other allied professional (specify) 9 Other (specify) 10 Cannot determine from record	escribe the principal problem:	
1 Diagnosis 2 Overall assessment 3 Medical management/monitoring (incl. Nursing/Ancillary care) 4 Infection-related 5 Technical problem related to a procedure 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood → D1 → D2 → D3 → D4 → D5 → D6	1 Ward doctor (house officer or SHO status) who 'knew' the patient 2 Ward doctor unlikely to 'know' patient 3 Ward doctors under guidance of specialist registrar 4 Trained specialists (specialist registrar/middle grade or consultant 5 Senior nurse 6 Junior nurse 7 Agency nurse 8 Other allied professional (specify) 9 Other (specify)	t/attending)
2 Overall assessment → D2 3 Medical management/monitoring (incl. Nursing/Ancillary care) → D3 4 Infection-related → D4 5 Technical problem related to a procedure → D5 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood → D6	Vhat was the nature of the principal problem? (tick the appropriate number(s))
3 Medical management/monitoring (incl. Nursing/Ancillary care) → D3 4 Infection-related → D4 5 Technical problem related to a procedure → D5 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood → D6	1 Diagnosis	→ D1
4 Infection-related → D4 5 Technical problem related to a procedure → D5 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood → D6		
5 Technical problem related to a procedure → D5 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood → D6		
☐ 6 Drugs/ Fluids / Blood → D6		
		· - ·
		→ D7
8 Other (specify)	8 Other (specify)	
Were there any other problems during this period/section of care		
not covered by the above?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
If so, specify	It so, specify	

CE EAU LIDE TO ASSESS ADEQUATELY AT THE TIME OF DISCHARGE	
C5 FAILURE TO ASSESS ADEQUATELY AT THE TIME OF DISCHARGE	_
Which doctor was directly responsible for assessing the patient before di	ischarge?
1. House-officer / Junior doctor	
2. Registrar / Middle grade	
3. Consultant / Attending	
4. Other (specify)	
What is the nature of the principal problem?	
1 Diagnosia	\ D1
1 Diagnosis 2 Overall assessment	→ D1 → D2
	→ D2 → D3
3 Medical Management/monitoring/ Nursing care (e.g. Clinical condition not under good control; Patient not well enough to	→ D3
be discharged, e.g. mobilised; Failure to teach patient about their condition;	
Failure to communicate adequately with services in community care, including G	iP)
4 Infection-related	→ D4
5 Technical problem related to a procedure	→ D5
6 Drug problem/ Fluids e.g. Medications not appropriate) / Blood	→ D6
7 Resuscitation	→ D7
8 Other (specify)	
	_
Were there any other problems during this period/section of care	
Were there any other problems during this period/section of care not covered by the above?	☐Yes ☐ No
not covered by the above?	Yes No
not covered by the above?	
If so, specify	
not covered by the above?	
If so, specify	
If so, specify	
If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM From your responses to all sections completed above indicate which sec	
not covered by the above? If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM	
If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM From your responses to all sections completed above indicate which sec	
not covered by the above? If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM From your responses to all sections completed above indicate which sections completed	
If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM From your responses to all sections completed above indicate which sections completed D1 D2	
not covered by the above? If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM From your responses to all sections completed above indicate which sections completed D1 D2 D3	
If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM From your responses to all sections completed above indicate which sections completed D1 D2 D3 D4	
If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM From your responses to all sections completed above indicate which sections completed D1 D2 D3 D4 D5	
If so, specify C6 NATURE OF THE PRINCIPAL PROBLEM From your responses to all sections completed above indicate which sections completed D1 D2 D3 D4	

Stage D: PRINCIPAL PROBLEMS IN THE PROCESS OF CARE

Go to the relevant sections in Stage D as identified in Stage C (C6)

ADVERSE EVENT RELATED TO DIAGNOSTIC OR ASSESSMENT	<u>ERROR</u>
s the adverse event the result of diagnostic error?	Yes No
If yes, give details	
s the adverse event the result of a delay in diagnosis?	Yes No
If yes, what was the length of delay?	
s the person responsible for the diagnostic assessment (at which	
s unacceptable error or delay) of appropriate seniority or experien	Ш Ш
If no, explain	
tors contributing to the diagnostic error (tick as many as apply). 1 Failure to take an adequate history and/or to perform a satisfactor 2 Failure or delay to employ indicated test. 3 Test was incorrectly performed 4 Test was incorrectly reported 5 Failure or delay to receive report 6 Failure or delay to act upon results of tests or findings. 7 Failure to draw sensible/reasonable conclusions or make a differ	
8 Failure or delay to get expert opinion from: 8.1 more senior member of team 8.2 specialist clinical team 8.3 non-clinical specialist (e.g. radiologist) (specify) 9 Expert opinion incorrect 10 Other (specify)	
8.1 more senior member of team 8.2 specialist clinical team 8.3 non-clinical specialist (e.g. radiologist) (specify) 9 Expert opinion incorrect	

-	If no, explain (e.g. lack of appropriate supervision)	
what r	espect was overall assessment inadequate?	
	1 Failure to take a full clinical history	
-	2 Failure to examine carefully 3 Failure to take account of co-morbidity	
-	4 Failure to monitor adequately	
-	5 Failure to record6 Failure to communicate to the rest of the team (clinical and multi-disci	nlinan/)
-	7 Other (specify)	
w did	this contribute to AE? 1 Patient's degree of vulnerability was not recognised 2 Risk:benefit ratio of treatment was not assessed/appreciated 3 Led to inappropriate or inadequate treatment 4 Other (specify)	
	re any other problems related to assessment or management tient's overall condition?	☐ Yes ☐ No
16	yes, give details	

dicate if the patient was: 1 Post operative (including post-delivery, postmanipulation of 2 Undergoing medical (non-surgical) treatment 3 Undergoing rehabilitation 4 Other (specify)	·
as the adverse event the result of problems in the monitoring bservation of this patient?	Yes No
If yes, give details	
as the adverse event the result of failure in overall management of the patient?	(acting on observations)
If yes, what was the problem in management?	
as the AE the result of failure to ensure condition stable before nandover to other areas?	Yes No
If yes, give details	
as the person responsible for the care of this patient of ppropriate seniority or experience? If no, explain	Yes No
1 Abnormal vital signs (including neurological status) 2 Problems with fluids/electrolytes including renal function 3 Side-effects of medication 4 Cardio-pulmonary dysfunction 5 Damage to skin and pressure areas 6 Adequate mobilisation 7 Infection	recognise: dominal operation; care of

D3. (Cont.)
In what respects was clinical management unsatisfactory? 1 Failure to take note of 'routine' observations e.g. TPR charts, neurological assessment, fluid balance (check if charts completed)
2 Delay in noting lab/test results 3 Not aware of significance of lab/test results 4 Failure to act appropriately on lab/test results 5 Poor note-keeping
6 Inadequate handover 7 Lack of liaison with other staff 8 Inadequate 'out-of-hours' cover/working practice
9 Guideline/ protocol failure (either not available or not followed) (specify) 10 Apparent failure to recognise deterioration 11 Deterioration recognised but additional care not provided (specify, e.g. was high
dependency care indicated) 12 Failure to recruit help 12.1 Medical
12.2 Nursing 12.3 Ancillary (specify) 13 Other (specify)
Was there a failure in discharge procedure?
If yes, indicate which of the following apply to this patient regarding and give details
1 Failure to educate the patient including use of protocols (e.g. for asthma, diabetes, post MI)
2 Failure to show evidence that discharge status was appropriate to home conditions (e.g. careplan)
3 Failure to liaise adequately with community carers (e.g. GP, district nurse, social worker)
4 Other (specify)
What other factors interacted with failure in monitoring/management, handover or discharge to cause to the AE? 1 Condition not treated or not treated adequately
2 Patient's degree of vulnerability was not recognised 3 Risk:benefit ratio of treatment was not assessed/appreciated 4 Other (specify)
Were there any other problems related to monitoring/management including handover and discharge?
If yes, give details

D4 ADVERSE EVENT IN RELATION TO FAILURE TO PREVENT/CONTROL	<u>MANAGE I</u>	NFECTION
What was the site of infection/infection related to?		
1 Surgical wound		
2 Internal invasive procedure		
3 Urinary tract		
4 Respiratory tract		
5 Blood		
6 Other (specify)		
What was the nature of the infection?		
1. Contaminated wound		
2. Side-effect of drugs (specify type):		
a. Antibiotic-induced C. difficile		
b. yeast infection		
c. Immuno-suppressive drugs		
d. Other (specify)		
3. Cross-infection (specify type):		
a. MRSA (describe)		
b. Salmonella		
c. Other (specify)	<u></u>	
a. Urinary catheter		
b. Venflon or intravenous catheter		
c. Swab		
d. Drainage tube		
e. Shunt		
f. Other (specify)		
5. Stasis (specify type):		
a. Respiratory depression		
b. Urinary retention		
c. Other (specify)		
6. Other type of infection (specify)		
Was the person responsible for the prevention/control/management of infe of appropriate seniority or experience?	ection Yes	No
If no, explain		
What were the errors in managing the AE due to infection? Give details.		
Failure to drain pus or remove necrotic material		
2 Failure to give appropriate antibiotics (including overuse)		
3 Failure to give appropriate physiotherapy (e.g. chest)		
4 Failure to maintain care of catheters/canulas/drains/wounds		
5 Other (specify)		
o other (specify)		
How did this contribute to AE?		
1 Failure to minimise risk in a vulnerable patient		
2 Risk:benefit ratio of treatment was not assessed/appreciated		
3 Led to inappropriate treatment		
4 Other (specify)		
		Continued overleaf
		Sommueu oveneal

D4. (Cont.)	
Were there any other problems related to the management of infection?	Yes No
If yes, give details	

<u>D5 ADVERSE EVENTS DIRECTLY RELATED TO A PROBLEM WITH AN OF</u> Was the procedure	PERATION OR PROCEDURE
1 ward-based	
2 in operating theatre suite	
3 elsewhere (e.g. radiology; specify)	
Do you consider the procedure was performed by a person of appropriate seniority?	Yes No
If no, give reasons	
II 110, give reasons	
Choose one of the following that best describes the nature of the adverse	event (give details where possible)
1 Avoidable delay in undertaking procedure	
2 Inappropriate procedure – specify alternative	
3 Inadequate assessment/treatment/preparation before procedure (specify) _	
4 Anaesthetic incident	
4.1 Intubation (specify)	
4.2 Anaesthetic agent	
4.3 Equipment failure	
4.4 Monitoring during procedure (e.g. oxygenation, CO ₂ , airway pressure)	
4.5 Other (specify)	
5 Operation/procedure accident	
5.1 Difficulty in defining anatomy (specify)	
5.2 Inadvertent organ damage (specify)	
5.3 Bleeding (specify, e.g. from slipped ligature; from vasular puncture)	
5.4 Perforation. (specify nature)	
5.5 Anastomotic breakdown (specify contributory factors)	
5.6 Wound problem (e.g. dehiscence). (specify)	
5.7 Siting prosthesis	
5.8 Equipment failure (e.g. inappropriate use, misuse, failed; specify)	
5.9 Other (specify)	
6 Inadequate monitoring during procedure (specify)	
7 Infection-related	
7.1 Wound (including trip-related cellulitis)	
7.2 Internal infection (e.g. abscess, specify)	
7.3 Other (e.g. cholangitis, specify)	
8 Other, including inefficacious result (specify)	

D5. (Cont.)		
Did other factors contribute to the procedure-related AE? If yes, specify 1 Patient's degree of vulnerability was not recognised 2 Risk:benefit ratio of treatment was not assessed/appreciated 3 Led to inappropriate or inadequate treatment 4 Other (specify)	Yes	No
Were there any other problems related to the management of a procedure? If yes, give details	Yes	□ No
How long was any extended operation time as a result of the AE? min How long was any additional operation time as a result of the AE? min		

,	cluding BLOOD)		_
ow was the drug / fluid admi	nistered?	7 topical	
2 Intra-muscula	4 orally 5 sublingual s 6 intrathecal	8 rectal	
3 Subcutaneou	s 6 intrathecal	9 Other (specify	y)
as there an error in the <u>pres</u>	cription/preparation o	f drugs/iv fluids/bloo	d? Yes No
If so, specify			
as there an error or acciden e.g. too high dose, incorrect s		gs/iv fluids/blood?	Yes No
e.g. too mgn dose, mcorrect s	ite, naematoma)		res No
If so, specify			
as there a failure to <u>monitor</u>	drug action/toxicity/fl	uid balance?	Yes No
If so, specify			
hat was the drug?			
1 antibiotic	7 sedative or hypnotic	13 potassiu	m
2 antineoplastic	8 peptic ulcer medicat		111
3 anti-seizure	9 antihypertension		(e.g. morphine/pethidine)
4 anti-diabetes	10 antidepressant	16 Diuretics	
5 cardiovascular	11 antipsychotic	17 Other (s	pecify)
6 antiasthmatic	12 anticoagulant		
me of drug:			
escribe the drug's adverse (offoct:		
escribe the drug's adverse e	medi		
hat was the nature of the dr	ug-related injury?		
1 Drug less effective than	ug-related injury? expected (e.g. as result o	f delayed treatment; dose	e too little)
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug	expected (e.g. as result o	·	e too little)
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t	expected (e.g. as result or his patient in this circumsta	·	e too little)
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction	n expected (e.g. as result or his patient in this circumsta e-action	ance	,
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction	expected (e.g. as result or his patient in this circumsta	ance	,
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction 6 Other (specify)	n expected (e.g. as result or his patient in this circumstate-action	ance	
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction 6 Other (specify) as the person responsible form	expected (e.g. as result of this patient in this circumstate-action	ance	ent
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction 6 Other (specify)	expected (e.g. as result of this patient in this circumstate-action	ance	
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction 6 Other (specify) as the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective the person responsibility or expective the person responsibility or expective the person responsibility or expective the	expected (e.g. as result of this patient in this circumstate-action	regimen for this patie	ent Yes No
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction 6 Other (specify) as the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective the person responsibility or expective the person responsibility or expective the person responsibility or expective the	n expected (e.g. as result of his patient in this circumstate-action or managing the drug experience?	regimen for this patie	ent Yes No
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction 6 Other (specify) as the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective the person responsibility of the person responsibility the person responsibility or expective the person responsibility	n expected (e.g. as result of his patient in this circumstate-action or managing the drug experience?	regimen for this patie	ent Yes No
1 Drug less effective than 2 Side-effect of drug 3 Effect of high dose for t 4 Idiosyncratic (allergic) r 5 Drug-drug interaction 6 Other (specify) as the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective than the person responsible for appropriate seniority or expective the pe	his patient in this circumstate-action or managing the drug experience?	regimen for this patie	ent Yes No

i. (cont.)	
What was the cause of the drug-related injury?	
1 No underlying cause (other than patient's response)	
2 Delay in prescribing (specify)	
3 Delay in administering (after prescribing)	
4 Wrong drug prescribed (specify)	
5 Right drug but wrong dose or length of treatment	
6 Right drug but wrong route (specify)	
7 Error in administration (describe)	
8 Inadequate monitoring (describe)	
9 Other (specify)	
Did other factors contribute to the drug-related AE? 1 Patient's degree of vulnerability was not recognised 2 Risk:benefit ratio of treatment was not assessed/appreciated 3 Led to inappropriate treatment 4 Other (specify)	
Were there any other problems related to the management of fluids or blood? If so, specify	

at was the condition which led to the need for resuscitation?	
1 Cardiac arrest (cause)	
2 Respiratory failure/arrest (cause)	
3 Coma (specify)	
4 Fits	
5 Bleeding (specify)	
6 Multiple trauma	
7 Metabolic disorder (e.g. hypoglycaemia) (specify)	
8 Overwhelming infection (specify)	
9 Other (specify)	
s the person responsible for the care of this patient during resuscitation	
opropriate seniority or experience?	Yes No
If no, explain	
there delay in dealing with the problem?	Yes No
If yes, what was the reason?	
1 Staff not available	
2 Staff not competent	
3 Equipment not available	
4 Lack of suitable or needed drugs 5 Lack of control (management)	
6 Other (specify)	
s there confusion regarding correct action to take?	
1 Inappropriate action	
2 Failure to obtain appropriate tests/investigations	
3 Other (specify)	
v did this contribute to AE?	
1 Patient's degree of vulnerability was not recognised	
2 Risk:benefit ratio of treatment was not assessed/appreciate	ed
3 Led to inappropriate treatment	
4 Other (specify)	
re there any other problems related to the management of	Voc N
re there any other problems related to the management of e patient during resuscitation?	Yes No
e patient during resuscitation?	

Stage E: CAUSATIVE / CONTRIBUTORY FACTORS and PREVENTABILITY OF AE

E1 CAUSATIVE FACTORS

The occurrence of an adverse event, and the actions or omissions of those involved, may be influenced by many contributory factors. Many of these could only be assessed satisfactorily by interviewing the staff involved in the care of the patient. Please indicate, where possible, likely causative factors. Mark unlikely factors with **U**, possible factors with **1**, **2** or **3**.

Please rate <u>each</u> of the following factors according to its importance, as you see it, in the occurrence of this particular adverse event.

	Unlikely to be relevant	Possibly relevant	Somewhat important	Very importan	t
(e.g. deaf 1.2 Personali 1.3 Was co-n	U aracteristics as not able to understand i, stroke, language difficulties in ty or social factors norbidity an important con ient characteristics (spec	n absence of interpret ntributory factor?		3 U	1 2 3
2.2 Evidence 2.3 Test resu 2.4 Poor task	rs ested or difficult task or p of lack of guidelines/prof lts unavailable, difficult to design/structure k factors (specify)	tocols or their use	curate	U	1 2 3
3.2 Lack of ki 3.3 Lack of si 3.4 Attitude/n 3.5 Long shift	factors king outside their expertis nowledge of individuals kill of individuals notivation problem t/under pressure ividual staff factors (spec			U 	1 2 3
4.3 Poor verb 4.4 Inadequa 4.5 Poor writt	nwork te supervision pal communication te handover ten communication (e.g.	defects in notes)		U	1 2 3
5.2 Problems 5.3 Inadequa (e.g. pharma 5.4 Inadequa 5.5 Out of ho	ronment or unavailable equipment with provision or schedute functioning of hospital acy, blood bank or housekeepite staffing at the time of turs (time of day/day of wrk environmental factors	Iling of services (e support services ng) he AE eek) factors	.g. theatre list, lab tests, x-ra	iys)	1 2 3
6.1 Lack of each 6.2 Poor co-co 6.3 Inadequa	onal/Management factors sential resources (e.g. l'ordination of overall service te senior leadership anisational/management	TU beds) ces		U	1 2 3

	details on the 3 MOST IMPORTANT contributory factors to this AE
1	
2	
-	
3	
VGGE	SS THE PREVENTABILITY OF THE ADVERSE EVENT
ASSE	33 THE PREVENTABILITY OF THE ADVERGE EVENT
n your	judgement, is there some evidence that the AE was preventable?
Rate o	on a 6 point scale the strength of evidence for preventability.
	1 Virtually no evidence for preventability
	2 Slight to modest evidence for preventability
	3 Preventability not quite likely; less than 50-50 but close call
	4 Preventability more likely than not; more than 50-50 but close call
	5 Strong evidence for preventability 6 Virtually certain evidence for preventability
	o virtually deficill evidence for preventability
If you	ticked 2 - 6, answer the following questions:
ıı you	ticked 2 - 0, answer the following questions.
Descr	ibe briefly the manner in which the AE could have been prevented
Can y	ou identify any reason(s) for the failure to prevent this AE

E4 EXPERTISE OF REVIEWER Was the reviewer's judgements limited or hampered by lack of subspecialty knowledge? Yes No	
Mark Yes if you think a specialist's review is necessary and indicate which specialty or discipline (e.g. pharmacy) listing as many as necessary:	
Describe the judgement which is limited or hampered by lack of subspecialty knowledge and the clinical question you would pose to a specialist	
Describe the resolution of the question(s) posed following consultation with a specialist	
Specialist's ID number:	

Woloshynowych M, Neale G, Vincent CA. Case record review of adverse events: a new approach. Quality and Safety in Health Care. 2003;12:411-5