

Core Surgical Anatomy – Learning outcomes

Upper limb 1 – upper limb girdle, glenohumeral joint, arm

Describe and demonstrate the main anatomical landmarks of the clavicle, scapula and humerus.

Describe the anatomy of the pectoral girdle, explain the movements of the pectoral girdle; identify the muscles and joints responsible for these movements.

Name the main attachments and nerve supply of these muscles.

Describe the factors that contribute to the movement and stability of the glenohumeral joint and explain the functional and clinical consequences of its dislocation.

Describe the anatomy of the axillary lymph nodes and explain their importance in the lymphatic drainage of the breast and skin of the trunk and upper limb and in the spread of tumours.