

FILM Macros


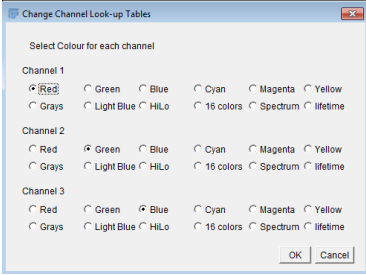


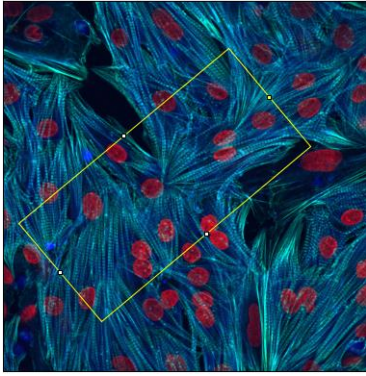

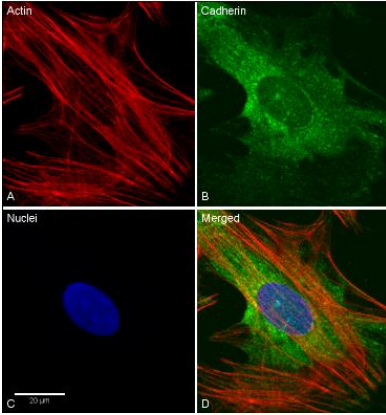
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
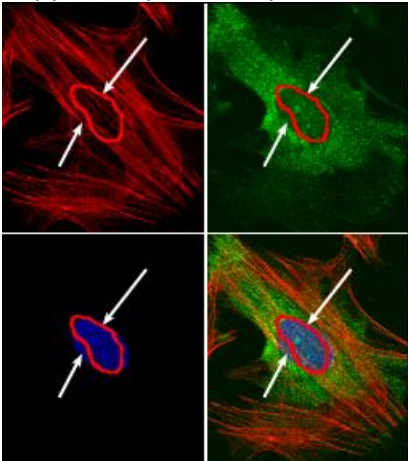

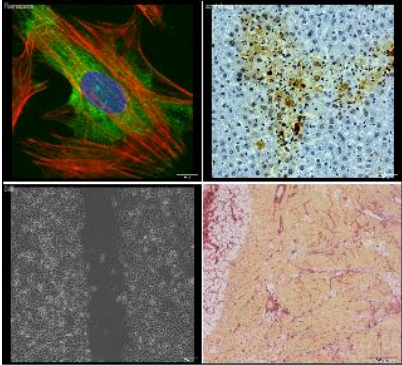

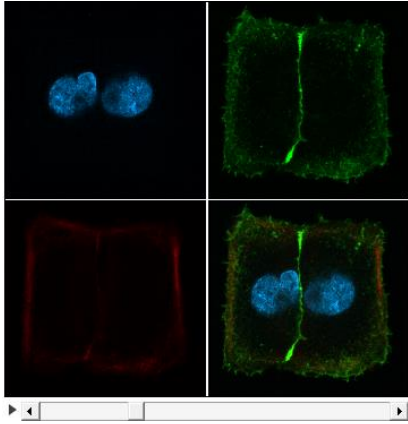

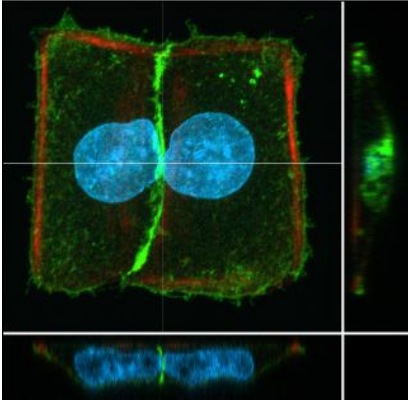
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
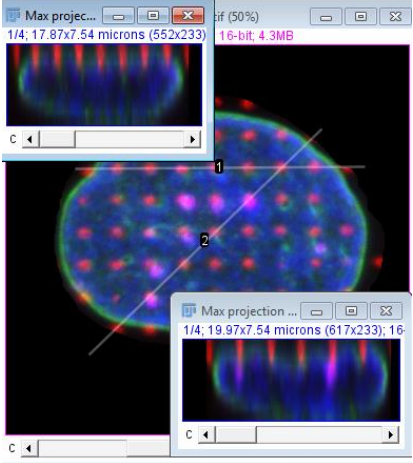

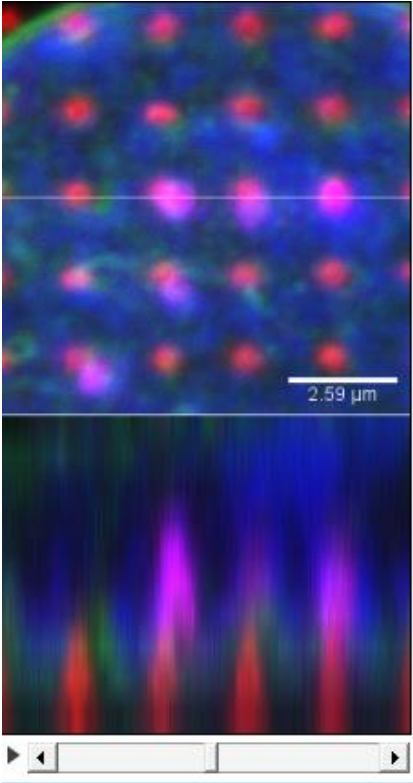


Use  to Select Macro toolset


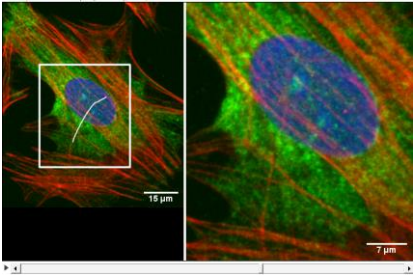

Presentation Macros



	<h3>Change Lookup Table</h3> 	<p>This macro allows quick selection of different LUTs (colours) to for each channel. Only the main LUTs are listed – red, green, blue, magenta, yellow, cyan, grey, Light Blue, HiLo (range indicator), 16 colours, and spectrum). NB The Light Blue LUT has to be downloaded from our website and saved to the LUT directory of FIJI.</p>
	<h3>Add Scale Bar</h3>	<p>This is just a shortcut to FIJI's scale bar tool. (<Analyse><Tools><Scale Bar> command.)</p>
	<h3>Freehand Crop</h3> 	<p>This is a freehand rotatable crop tool that with options to rotate and flip the final cropped image.</p>
	<h3>Enhanced Gallery</h3> 	<p>This macro creates a panelled montage of the separate channels and an overlay image. The number of channels in the overlay image can be selected using the <Channel Tools> menu command. The first dialogue window allows selection of which channels will be used in the overlay. The second determines whether to display the individual images as either grayscale or false colour and also to select the format of the output image (columns and rows and border width). In the third dialogue window there are options to add text titles, figure numbers and a scale bar to the final montage.</p> <p>If adding a scale bar, it is useful to add the scale bar to the overlay. That way you can move it on the final image for better positioning. If "Adding titles" is selected then a fourth dialogue window will open allowing to either, select titles from a list or add type your own. A text file "Dyes.txt" can be created using notepad, one line per title, and saved into FIJI's LUT directory. This will be loaded automatically into the drop-down lists when the macro runs. Finally, you will be prompted to flatten the image to fuse down the graphics if they were added.</p>


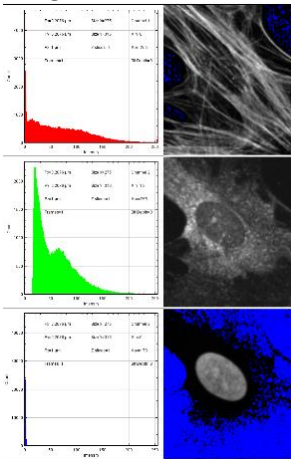


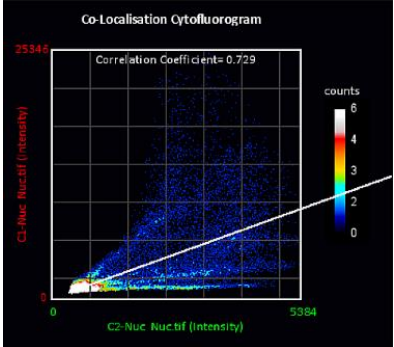
	<p>Copy overlay to Gallery</p> 	<p>This macro is an extra to add graphics to the Enhanced Gallery tool. It will copy ROI objects from the ROI manager onto each of the montage panels created above. Each object can be moved or have its properties (colour, thickness and position) changed or deleted. Finally, you will be prompted to flatten the image to fuse down the graphics.</p>
	<p>Multi Image Gallery</p> 	<p>This macro is for displaying several different images in a single montage or gallery. A dialogue will open allowing selection of the images required from a list of all open images to create the gallery. Options for adding the file name to the image, adding a scale bar to each image and whether you want to auto scale the images, so they fit better. The second dialogue allows for format separating border width and scaling of the final gallery, and a third dialogue to format and edit the image names.</p>
	<p>3D Gallery</p> 	<p>This macro is for creating a montage of a multichannel time or Z stack series. It uses the montage command to create a panelled 3D image of the separate channels and an overlay – ideal for movies (save as AVI). Options available to display the individual images as either grayscale or false colour, change the format of the output (columns and rows), change the separating border width and to add a scale bar to the overlay.</p>
	<p>Ortho-slice Extractor</p> 	<p>This macro uses the OrthoSlice command in FIJI to create a “best orthogonal view” of a z-stack. It results in a multi panel image of the X-Y profile or projection and X-Z, Y-Z profiles. Options are available to display the “cut” lines, add a scale bar and to change the separating border width.</p>


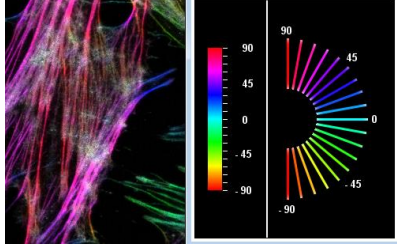




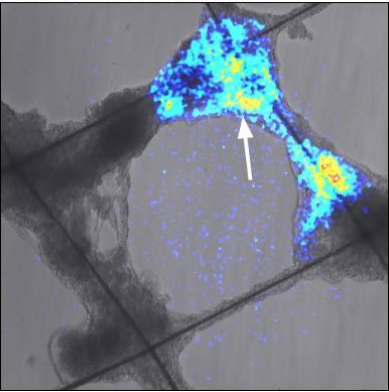


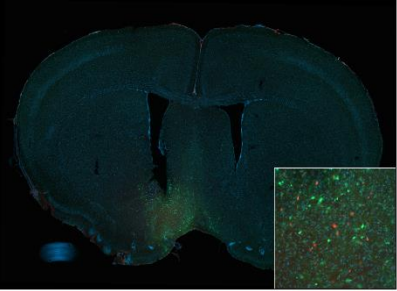
	<h3>Multi Slice</h3> 	<p>This macro provides Z profile images from line ROI's in any direction on the X-Y image. Options to keep or remove existing ROI's, the thickness of line of the ROI's and whether you want to create an X-Y overlay image of the line locations. The line thickness allows for a Z-line volume image to be produced that will also be maximally projected. The images remain calibrated so that a scale bar can be applied.</p>
	<h3>ReSlice Movie</h3> 	<p>This macro creates a Z slice movie attached to the maximum projection of the image stack. Dialogue options allow for re-sampling to reduce size, to split channels for the z profile, flip the z profile, and make the progress line semi-transparent and to add a scale bar. Using the semi-transparent option allows a Z projection of part of the final image, creating a new single image with a thicker slice displayed.</p>
	<h3>Zoom Movie</h3>	<p>This macro will create a movie of an image zooming in to a specific region. Dialogue options give information about the potential image output size and the option to scale the final image. Also, to select the number of pre and post zoomed image frames, add scale bar, and the zoomed area mask.</p>
	<h3>Zoomed Panning Movie</h3>	<p>This macro will create a movie of a moving cropped region in an image along with its over-view image. The cropped region will follow a user-defined path. Dialogue options for scaling, path type, overview format and position and the adding of scale bars.</p>






	<p>Zoom and Panning Movie</p> 	<p>This macro will create a movie of an image zooming in to a specific region and then moving the region along a user-defined path complete with its over-view image. Dialogue options for scaling, path type, overview format and position and the adding of scale bars.</p>
	<p>Select, copy and propagate one image or stack in a series</p>	<p>This macro can be used to copy a single image within a Z stack to all other images or to delete all other images. It can also be used for copying single channel stack in a multichannel Z time series, (good for selecting the best focussed brightfield image in a confocal z-stack image).</p>

Presentation 2 Macros




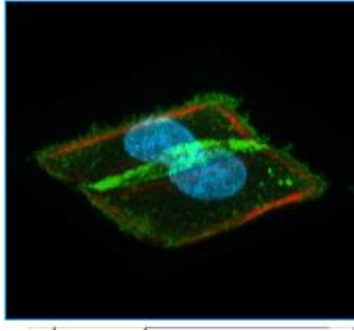


	<p>Image Information</p> 	<p>This macro gives a quick overview of an images' properties. It plots intensity curves and prints the image summary information on the graphs.</p>
	<p>Reset Brightness and contrast</p>	<p>This macro can reset the brightness and contrast to raw (full range) format or alternatively to the minimum & maximum intensity values for each channel. It will work on time and Z series. There is an option to auto colour channels as well.</p>
	<p>Fancy Cytofluorogram for JACoP</p> 	<p>This macro creates a coloured Cytofluorogram plot from the plot data generated from the JACoP plugin for co-localisation. Run the JACoP plugin and select the Cytofluorogram option to generate a plot window. Click the "List" option on the plot window to get the plot values. Close the plot window and JACoP but keep open the log & plot values window. Then run this macro. There are options for adding title names and colours.</p>


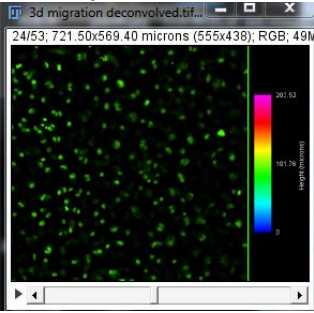

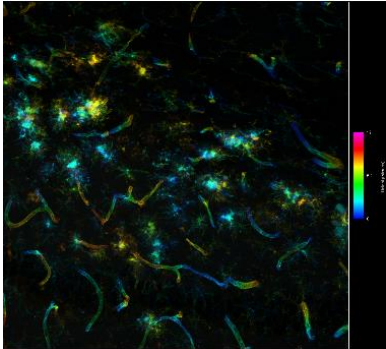

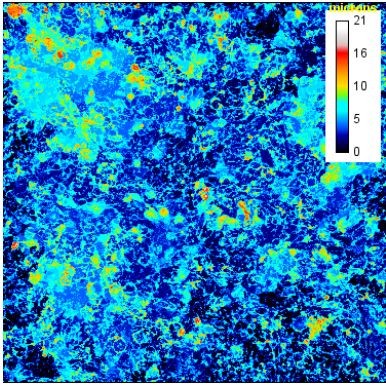

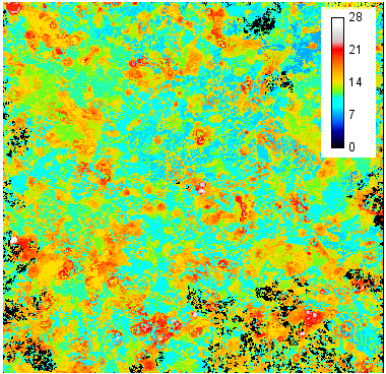
	<p>Colour Scale for Orientation J Analysis</p> 	<p>This macro is used to create a colour calibration image for the OrientationJ plugin. There are options to change the angle, line width and text size.</p>
	<p>Number Skeletons from Analyse skeleton Plugin output</p> 	<p>This macro takes the labelled skeleton Image from the Analyse Skeleton plugin and adds a label to each skeleton and adds it to the roiManager</p>
	<p>Anaglyph 3D</p>	<p>Creates a red/green or red/cyan 3D anaglyph of a single channel z stack for use with stereo glasses</p>
	<p>Add Graphics to Movie</p> 	<p>This macro will add a single graphic (arrow, text, ROI) to an RGB time or Z series. The dialogue asks to set to the first frame for graphic to appear and draw the graphic. The second dialogue asks for the range of frames to include the graphic.</p>
	<p>Move Graphic in Movie</p>	<p>This macro allows adding and moving of graphics in each frame of the movie. Options to use the ROI names.</p>
	<p>Insert "Inset" Image</p> 	<p>This macro will insert an inset image into a larger single image or Z or time series. It will prompt for the source and destination images and ask if a border for the inset is required. The final position of the inset can be selected by dragging the inset region. Useful for 3D rotation movies.</p>


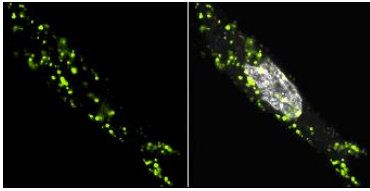
	Insert a Z Stack	Inserts an inset Z-stack into another Z-stack. Images must be of the same type and number of Z-slices.
	Copy ROI's to time or Z series	This macro copies a list of ROI's in the ROI manager to each image in a Z or time series and flattens the final result. The dialogue will ask if you want to keep any existing ROI's and to add new ones. The image is then duplicated, converted to RGB before ROI's are added and flattened
	Join a single channel Image to a time series	This macro adds a single fixed channel image to a time series. It will ask for selection of the time series and then the fixed image. Will work on single or multichannel time series
	Set LUT to wavelength colour	This macro allows setting the look-up table colour of non RGB images to the colour represented by wavelengths
	Rolling & Sequential projections	This macro will create a new enhanced stack either by grouping a rolling projection around each image slice/frame eg 1-5, 2-6, 3-7..... or by grouping sequential projections eg 1-5, 6-10, 11-15.... (It currently only works on a time or Z series, not both)

Presentation 3 Macros

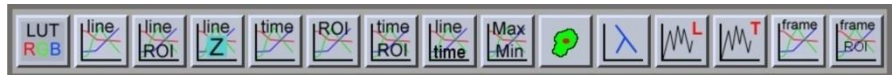




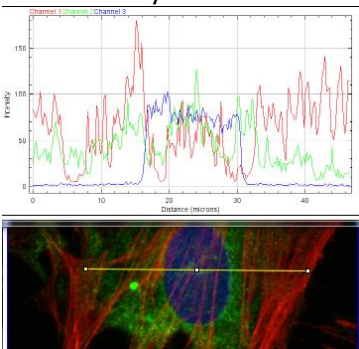

	<p>Tilted Rotation Movie</p> 	<p>This macro creates a movie, of first a tilt series in the X direction, then secondly rotates this tilted view 360 degrees.</p> <p>Options for tilted angle and steps</p>
	3D Tilt Movie	This macro creates a movie of tilted views from different rotations. Options for tilted angle and steps
	Multi 3D Rotational	This macro creates a series of rotations using the 3D projection command which are then concatenated (joined) into one movie series. The first dialogue will ask for how many rotations you want. Then the second dialogue has the options for each rotation step (type, axis, direction, start, range, step, etc).


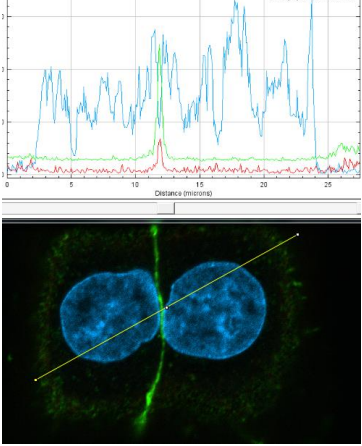

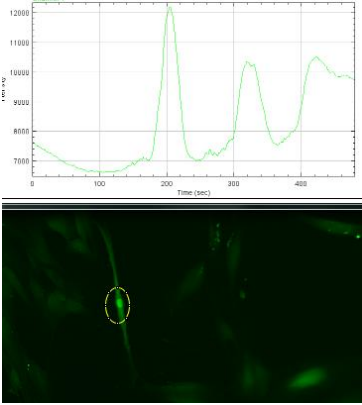

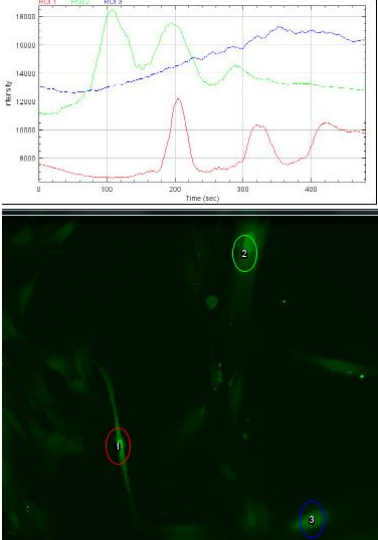

	<p>Coloured Height Coded Z-stack and Projection</p> 	<p>This macro creates a height coloured Z stack and Maximum projection images with a calibration bar. It will work on multi-channel time series images. The dialogue allows selection of channels to process and the colour LUT for height information.</p>
	<p>Coloured Coded Height Projection</p> 	<p>This macro creates a height coloured Z projection with calibration bar. It will work on multi-channel time series images. The dialogue allows selection of channels to process and the colour LUT for height information.</p>
	<p>Thickness Map using threshold</p> 	<p>This macro creates a colour thickness map from a Z-stack using threshold to select the data. The dialogue will ask if any pre-scaling is required. Increasing this can improve the final output but will significantly increase the image size and slow down the process and may even exceed the RAM of the computer. There is also an option to add a calibration bar. The main output is fully calibrated so thickness can be measured directly. The image with the calibration scale is just and RBG output for display. Only works on a single channel.</p>
	<p>Height Map using threshold</p> 	<p>This macro creates a colour Height map from a Z-stack using threshold to select the data. The dialogue will ask if any pre-scaling is required. Increasing this can improve the final output but will significantly increase the image size and slow down the process and may even exceed the RAM of the computer. There is also an option to add a calibration bar. The main output is fully calibrated so height can be measured directly. The image with the calibration scale is just and RBG output for display. Only works on a single channel.</p>


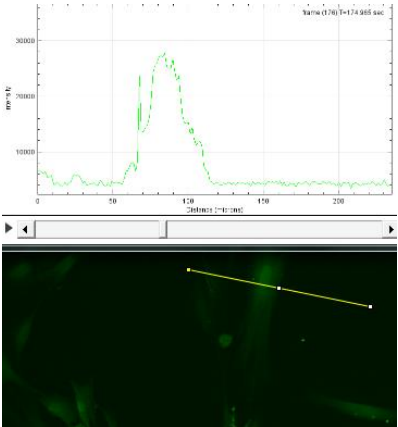

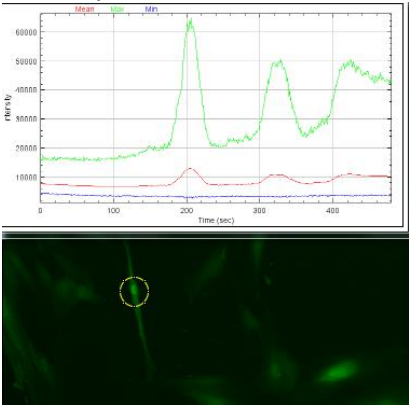

	<p>Add a Fixed Image to Lambda Colour Coded Series</p> 	<p>The coloured coded image is a multichannel image and the single image to add must be 8-Bit. Adjust the colour, brightness and contrast of the insert image and the lambda image (NB when changing the brightness and contrast of the lambda image select brightest channel and adjust settings, then use the SET button to propagate to all other channels to maintain relative brightness). The macro asks to select the required images then joins them creating a new RGB image series.</p>
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Intensity Macros

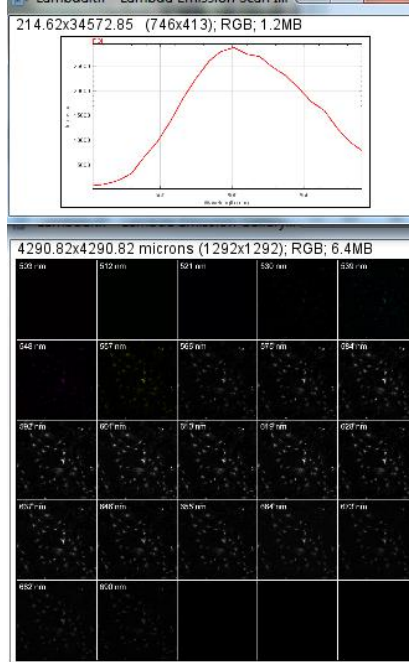


	<p>Change Lookup Table</p>	<p>This macro allows quick selection of different LUTs (colours) to for each channel. Only the main LUTs are listed – red, green, blue, magenta, yellow, cyan, grey, Light Blue, HiLo (range indicator), 16 colours, and spectrum). NB. The Light Blue LUT has to be downloaded from our website and saved to the LUT directory of FIJI.</p>
	<p>Line Intensity Profile</p> 	<p>This macro creates a line intensity profile plot and data table of a multichannel image. NB. RGB images will be converted to multichannel composite images. A dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw a line on the image. The line profile thickness can be changed under the line tool button.</p>
	<p>Multi Line Intensity Profiles for a time series</p>	<p>This macro creates an intensity profile plot and data table of multi lines in multichannel images. Does not work on time or z stacks. NB. RGB images will be converted to multichannel composite images. The first dialogue window allows selection of the colour, transparency, thickness and naming of the lines (ROI's) drawn on the image. The second dialogue requires the user to add the lines and add to the ROI manager by pressing t after each line is drawn. A third dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness) and also if you want to save and close the images automatically. A plot for each line is produced along with an RGB overlay image of all the lines.</p>

	<p>Line Intensity Profile for Z-Stacks</p> 	<p>This macro creates an intensity profile plot and data table of a line on a multichannel Z-stack image. NB. RGB images will be converted to multichannel composite images. A dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness) and also the range of slices to plot. Then there is a prompt to draw a line on the image. The line profile thickness can be changed under the line tool button. This will produce a stack of plots relating to the Z stack positions.</p>
	<p>Multi Channel ROI Intensity Profile for a time series</p> 	<p>This macro creates a mean intensity plot and data table of an ROI in a multichannel Image time series. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack, then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. A dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI on the image and the mean intensity plot of this ROI will be produced from this.</p>
	<p>Multi ROI Intensity Profiles for a time series (limited to 15 ROI's)</p> 	<p>This macro creates mean intensity plots and a data table of multiple ROI's (up to a maximum of 15) in a single channel Image time series. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack, then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. A dialogue window provides options to keep existing ROI's and set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI's on the image and add to the ROI manager by pressing t after each line is drawn.</p>
	<p>Multi Channel Multi ROI Intensity Profiles for a time series</p>	<p>This macro creates a stack of mean intensity plots of multi ROI's in a multichannel time series. Options available to change the graphical display. A dialogue window provides options to keep existing ROI's and set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI's on the image and add to the ROI manager by pressing t after each ROI is drawn.</p>

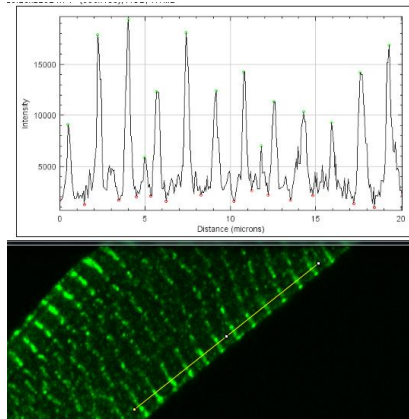
	<p>Line Intensity Profile for time series</p> 	<p>This macro creates an intensity profile plot and data table of a line on a single channel Time Series image. The first dialogue provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness) and also the range of slices to plot. Then there is a prompt to draw a line on the image. The line profile thickness can be changed under the line tool button. This will produce a stack of plots relating to the time series points.</p>
	<p>Mean, Min and Max, ROI Intensity Profiles for a time series</p> 	<p>This macro creates a Mean, Minimum and Maximum intensity plot and data table of an ROI in a multichannel Image time series. Options available to change the graphical display. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack, then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. A dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI on the image and the mean intensity plot of this ROI will be produced from this.</p>
	<p>Nuclear and Cytoplasmic Intensity measurement</p>	<p>This macro measures the mean intensity inside and outside of the nucleus in a multichannel image of which one channel is a nuclear marker (eg Dapi). RGB images will be converted to multichannel composite images. It uses the nucleus channel to create ROI's by threshold which are then used to measure intensities of nuclear signal in the other channels also by threshold. These ROI's are then subtracted from the image so that the cytoplasmic components of the other channels can be thresholded and measured. The first dialogue window requires the selection of the nucleus channel by selecting Dapi from the dropdown list. You can then select other channels to analyse. There is an option to close the thresholded images when finished. Then set the threshold for the nuclear ROI. Then as requested set the thresholds for each channel.</p>

Lambda Scan plot



This macro creates a mean intensity plot and data table of an ROI from a lambda scan series. It will automatically read the meta data from a Zeiss or Leica Image or you can add your own settings. A dialogue window provides options to create a gallery view, max projection, colour the images and set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI on the image and the mean intensity plot of this ROI will be produced from this.

Maxima and Minima of a line profile


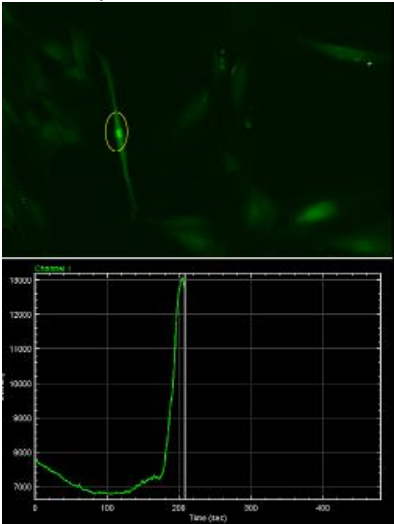

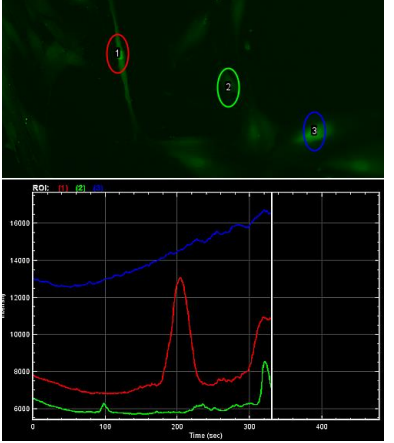


This macro creates a line intensity profile plot with the minima and maxima displayed. Only works on a single channel, single slice image. Then there is a prompt to draw a line on the image. The maximal and minimal Tolerance can also be specified if necessary. The line profile thickness can be changed under the line tool button. The data table displays the minima and maxima distance, intensity and spacing.

Maxima and Minima of a time Series


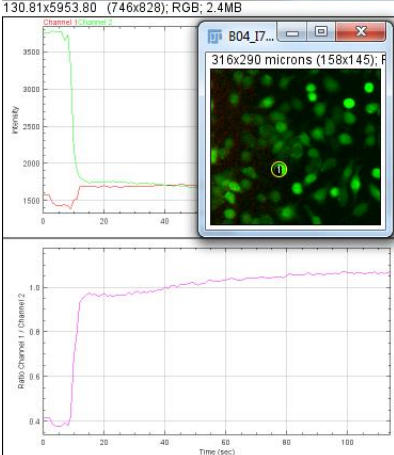


This macro creates a mean intensity profile plot of a time series with the minima and maxima displayed (single channel time series only). It uses the data table created by the intensity time plot macro which had to be run first. The maximal and minimal Tolerance can also be specified if necessary. Run the time intensity plot macro and keep the Image and the plot window open. Run this macro and you will be prompted to select the image and then the plot window. The new data table displays the minima and maxima time, intensity and time interval.

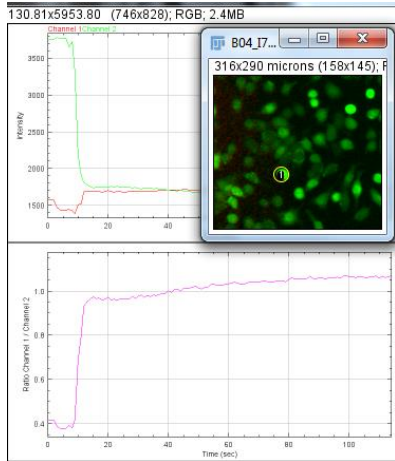
	<p>Multichannel channel single ROI time Intensity Plot displayed frame by frame</p> 	<p>This macro creates a progressing (frame by frame) mean intensity time plot and data table of an ROI in a multichannel Image time series. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack, then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. A dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales & line plot thickness), and options to Invert the plot (white on black background) and also to attach the graph onto a copy of the original image series (to the right or below) to create a movie. Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI on the image and the mean intensity plot of this ROI will be produced from this.</p>
	<p>Single channel multi ROI (max 10) time Intensity Plot displayed frame by frame</p> 	<p>This macro creates a progressing (frame by frame) mean intensity time plot and data table of multiple ROI's (up to a max of 10) in a single channel Image time series. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack, then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. A dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales & line plot thickness), and options to Invert the plot (white on black background) and also to attach the graph onto a copy of the original image series (to the right or below) to create a movie. Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI on the image and the mean intensity plot of this ROI will be produced from this.</p>

Intensity 2 Macros



	<p>Ratio-metric plot from multichannel series</p> 	<p>This macro creates a mean intensity time plot, a ratio plot and data table of 2 channels of an ROI in a multichannel Image time series. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack, then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. The first dialogue provides options to select which channels to use and to set the ratio order. There is also an option to join the two plots together. A second dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI on the image and the mean intensity plot of this ROI will be produced from this.</p>
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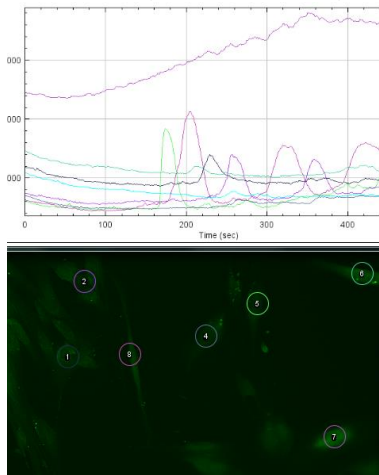
Multi ROI ratio-metric plots from multichannel series



ROI
plot


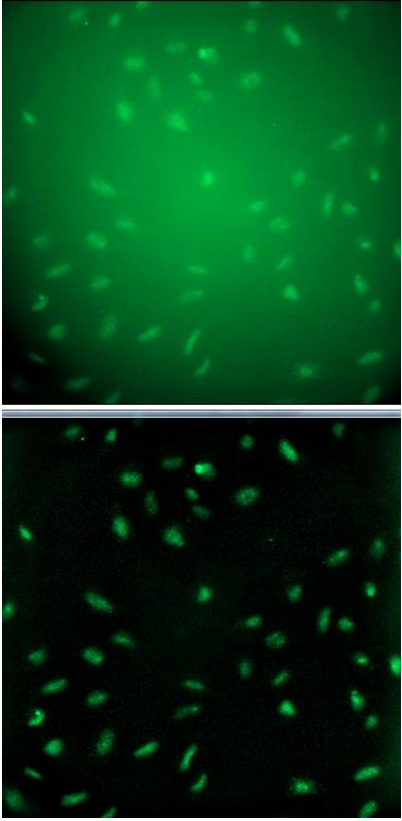

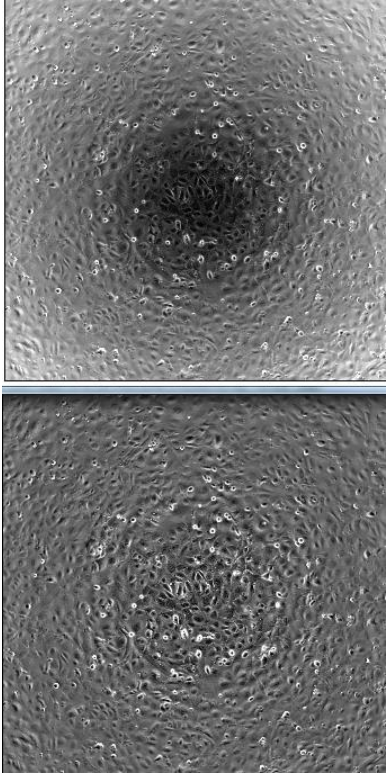

This macro creates a mean intensity time plot, a ratio plot and data table of 2 channels of multiple ROI's in a multichannel Image time series. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack, then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. The first dialogue provides options to select which channels to use and to set the ratio order. There is also an option to join the two plots together. A second dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI's on the image and add to the ROI manager by pressing t after each ROI is drawn.





Multi ROI Intensity Profiles for a time series (unlimited ROI's)





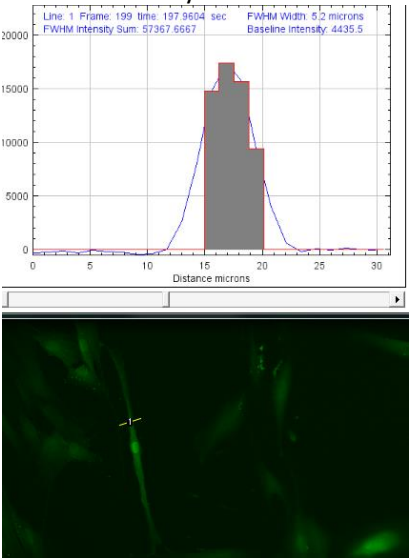



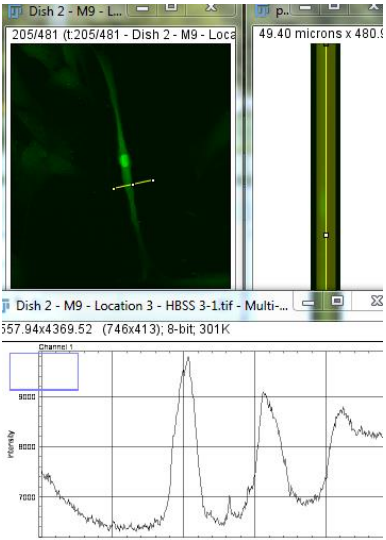
ROI
+15

This macro creates a stack of mean intensity plots (one for each ROI), a combined plot window of all ROI's and a data table, for multiple ROI's (no limit) in a single channel Image time series. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack, then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. A dialogue window provides options to keep existing ROI's , calculate Maxima and set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI's on the image and add to the ROI manager by pressing t after each line is drawn.

	<p>Simple Shade Correction (Gaussian blur Subtraction method)</p> 	<p>This macro uses Gaussian blur to create a background image which is then normalised and subtracted from the original image. NB it changes the intensity data values but good for fluorescent images</p>
	<p>Simple Shade Correction (Gaussian blur multiply method)</p> 	<p>This macro uses Gaussian blur to create a background image which is then normalised against the mean value and then multiplied with the original image. NB it changes the intensity data values but good for brightfield images</p>
	<p>Shade Correction Using a Reference Image</p>	<p>This macro uses a reference image which is normalised against its mean value and then multiplied with the original image. NB it changes the intensity data values but good for fluorescent Images</p>


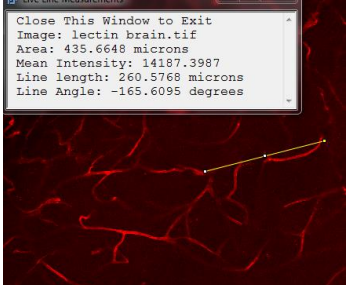

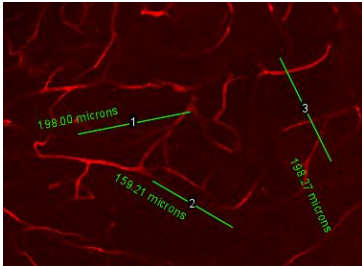


	<p>Line Intensity Profile with channel selection</p>	<p>This macro creates a line intensity profile plot and data table of a multichannel image. NB. RGB images will be converted to multichannel composite images. The first dialogue allows selection of the channels to analyse. A second dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw a line on the image. The line profile thickness can be changed under the line tool button.</p>
	<p>Multi Line Intensity Profiles for a time series with channel selection</p>	<p>This macro creates an intensity profile plot and data table of multi lines in multichannel images. Does not work on time or z stacks. NB. RGB images will be converted to multichannel composite images. The first dialogue allows selection of the channels to analyse. A second dialogue window allows selection of the colour, transparency, thickness and naming of the lines (ROI's) drawn on the image. The third dialogue requires the user to add the lines and add to the ROI manager by pressing t after each line is drawn. A third dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness) and also if you want to save and close the images automatically. A plot for each line is produced along with an RGB overlay image of all the lines.</p>
	<p>Line Intensity Profile for Z-Stacks with channel selection</p>	<p>This macro creates an intensity profile plot and data table of a line on a multichannel Z-stack image. NB. RGB images will be converted to multichannel composite images. The first dialogue allows selection of the channels to analyse. A second dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness) and also the range of slices to plot. Then there is a prompt to draw a line on the image. The line profile thickness can be changed under the line tool button. This will produce a stack of plots relating to the Z stack positions.</p>
	<p>ROI Intensity Profile for a time series with channel selection</p>	<p>This macro creates a mean intensity plot and data table of an ROI in a multichannel Image time series. NB. Does not work on RGB images. If the series is a Z stack then it will prompt to change the data to a time series. The first dialogue allows selection of the channels to analyse. A second dialogue window provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI on the image and the mean intensity plot of this ROI will be produced from this.</p>





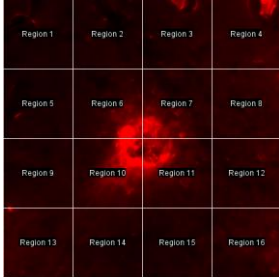



	<p>Line Intensity Profile for time series with channel selection</p>	<p>This macro creates an intensity profile plot and data table of a line on a multichannel Time Series image. NB. RGB images will be converted to multichannel composite images. The first dialogue allows selection of the channels to analyse and provides options to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness) and also the range of slices to plot. Then there is a prompt to draw a line on the image. The line profile thickness can be changed under the line tool button. This will produce a stack of plots relating to the time series points.</p>
	<p>Variable Time Series tool</p>	<p>This macro can write a time stamp to the meta label using a constant value or from a text file that has variable time intervals or read existing time information. Other options include plotting the intensity data using the meta title time values for time input and drawing the time stamp on the image.</p>
	<p>Profile Intensity Plot in Z of an ROI with Channel select</p>	<p>This macro creates a mean intensity plot in Z and data table of an ROI in multi channels. Options available to change the graphical display. A dialogue window provides options to select which channels to analyse and second dialogue to set the plot format (shape, size and X & Y scales and line plot thickness). Then there is a prompt to draw an ROI on the image and the mean intensity plot of this ROI will be produced from this. NB does not work on RGB images.</p>
	<p>FWHM Intensity Sum</p> 	<p>This macro calculates the sum of intensities of the full width half maximum of a line profile after subtracting a calculated baseline value. The results table displays the baseline value the FWHM width and sum of intensities. Included is an option to smooth the data.</p>



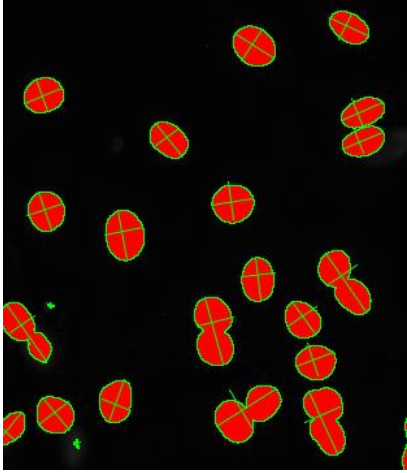

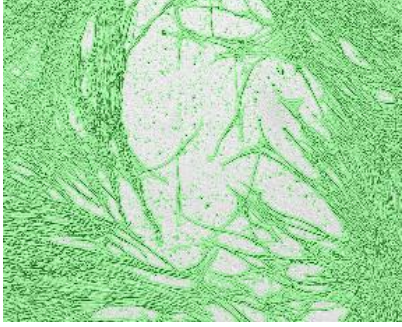

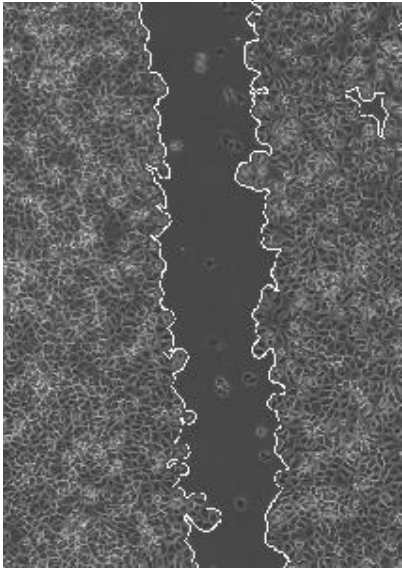
	<h3>Time Series Line Re-Slice Profile tool</h3> 	<p>This macro will produce a 2D image from a line drawn on a time series (X- line length, Y – time). A line is then drawn on this new image along the Y-axis and an intensity profile produced. There are options for the second line width.</p>
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ROI Tools Macros




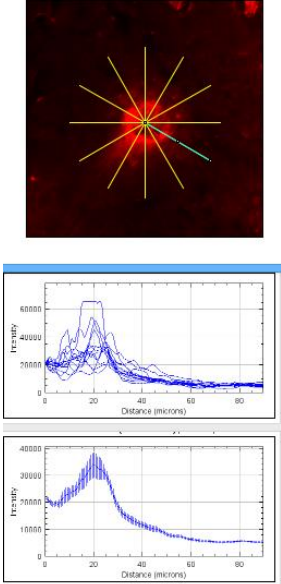

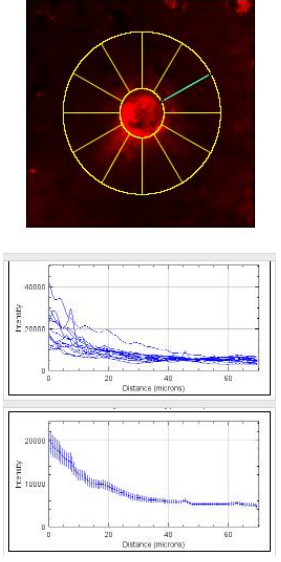

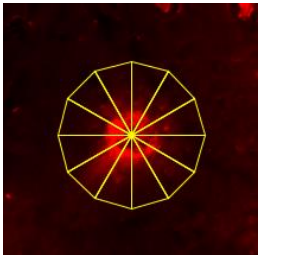
	<h3>Live Info tool</h3> 	<p>This macro will interactively display Area, Mean Intensity, Length and Angle of a line/roi on an image in a text window. It will auto detect which image is current.</p>
	<h3>Multi-line Measure</h3> 	<p>This macro measures a list of Line ROI's (distance and angle) on an image. Dialogue options to keep existing ROI's, set the colour, thickness, decimal places of the results plus options to display the angle and font options. There is a prompt to add new lines to the ROI manager using t. The results are printed on the image as well as in a results table.</p>
	<h3>ROI Rename</h3>	<p>This macro changes the naming and colours of ROI's in the ROI manager. Dialogue options to select colour thickness, range of ROI's and naming.</p>
	<h3>Sequential ROI <Analyse Particles></h3>	<p>This macro sequentially runs <Analyse Particles> on a list of ROI's producing a Summary table of results for each ROI. The image must be single channel. Dialogue options to Add ROI's, set the threshold and size range of particles to include.</p>


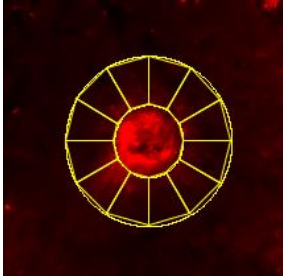

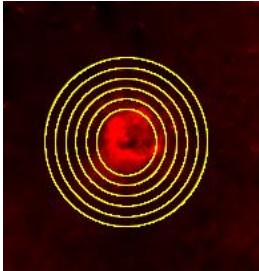

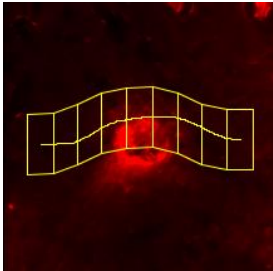

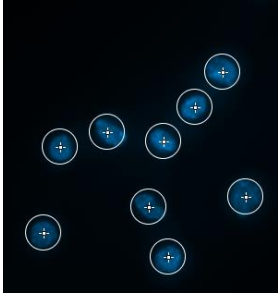

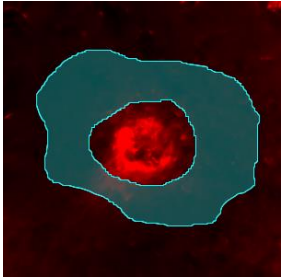
	<p>Move, scale and align Multiple ROI's</p>	<p>This macro allows movement or scaling of all ROI's by the same amount, or the alignment of all or a selection of the ROI's. For moving ROI's, select a single "key" ROI and click OK then move this ROI to its new position and click ok and all other ROI's will move by the same amount. For scaling, just type in the scale factor. For alignment there are options to select left, right, top or bottom and all or a section of the ROI's</p>
	<p>Sequential ROI <Analyse Particles> plus results</p>	<p>This macro sequentially runs <Analyse Particles> on a list of ROI's producing and saving a results and Summary table for each ROI. Dialogue options to Add ROI's, set the threshold and size range of particles to include.</p>
	<p>Split into Segments</p>	<p>This macro splits a large image into smaller cropped segments. Dialogue options to set the number of crops or use specific dimension and whether so auto save the results. It results in individual named crop images and an overlay is placed on top of the original image. This overlay can be saved or flattened through the ROI manager.</p>
	<p>Creates a Grid of ROI's'</p> 	<p>This macro creates a continuous grid and adds the regions to the ROI manager. Options for number of grids or grid size and placement</p>
	<p>Weibel Grid</p>	<p>This macro generates a Weibel grid (a line grid distribution based on an equilateral triangle). Options available to set the grid size and offset, also to select a region of interest. Prints a summary of area, grid size and number of lines</p>
	<p>Multi Crop</p>	<p>This macro creates cropped images from multiple ROI's – useful for micro-patterns or MEA's. Dialogue options to set the size of the ROI, spacing for the crop or manual selection and how the output is handled (stacking, splitting channels and/or auto saving for the resulting images).</p>
	<p>Measure Change of Angle</p>	<p>This macro measure angle, changes of direction and accumulative change from a sequential list of ROI's'. Dialogue prompts to add new lines (arrows) with t to the ROI manager before printing the results.</p>


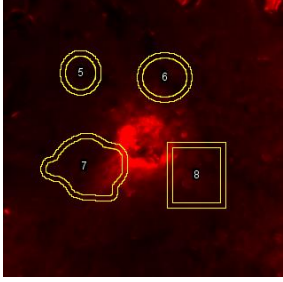

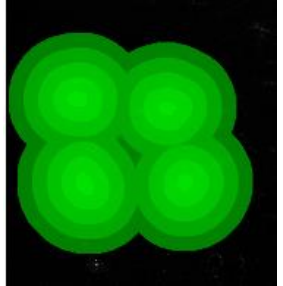

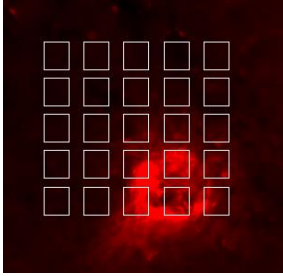

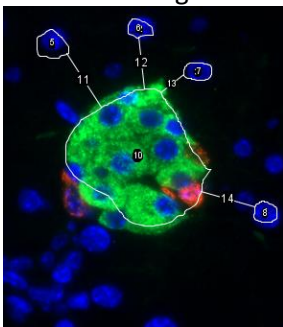

	<p>Radial Measure</p>	<p>This macro will generate and measure radial lines for a shape (cell) and its centre point. Dialogue options to crop or scale the image first and to add the cell shape by either drawing or threshold and the cell centre by selection, threshold or auto. It will then prompt for the angle change before printing a results table and an overlay on the image.</p>
	<p>Draws the Max / Min Ferets (at the centre of ROI's)</p> 	<p>This macro will draw the longest dimension (Feret) and /or the Minimum Feret dimension on image and add them to the ROI manager. It uses a pre-existing list of ROI's which need to be created before running the macro. There is also an option to keep or remove the original ROI's from the list.</p>
	<p>% Cell Confluency</p> 	<p>This macro uses the variance filter to identify cells and measure their total area and percentage area on a brightfield image. An overlay mask is also created.</p>
	<p>Scratch/Wound assay</p> 	<p>This macro is a simple scratch assay tool for measuring the area in scratch and wound experiments. The image is duplicated, and a variance filter run to select the wound area. Dialogue options for setting the variance and the minimal size to be detected. A results table and overlay image are created for reference.</p>


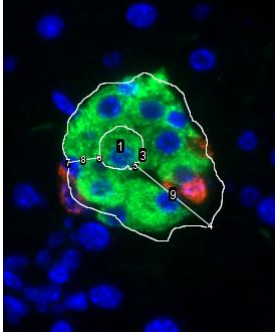

ROI Masks



	<p>Radial Line Creation and Intensity profiles</p> 	<p>This macro will create radial lines from a marked point and then creates intensity line profiles for each line and a plot and data table of the mean intensity of all lines. Dialogue options for marking the centre, entering or selecting the line length, the number of lines (angle step) and whether to display the plots and data</p>
	<p>Radial Line Creation from mask and Intensity profiles</p> 	<p>This macro will create radial lines from a drawn central ROI and then creates intensity line profiles for each line and a plot and data table of the mean intensity of all lines. Dialogue options for drawing the ROI, entering or selecting the line length, the number of lines (angle step) and whether to display the plots and data</p>
	<p>Radial Line and Quadrant creation</p> 	<p>This macro will create radial lines from a marked point and then creates ROIs of the segmented region. Dialogue options for marking the centre, entering or selecting the line length, and the number of lines (angle step)</p>





	<p>Radial Line and Quadrant creation from a mask</p> 	<p>This macro will create radial lines from a drawn central ROI and then creates ROIs of the segmented region. Dialogue options for marking the centre, entering or selecting the line length, and the number of lines (angle step)</p>
	<p>Multiple Ring Roi Creation</p> 	<p>This macro will create concentric ROI's from a drawn central ROI and then creates ring ROI's. Dialogue options for marking the centre, entering the ring distance, and the total number of rings and an option to delete the intermediate ROI's</p>
	<p>Create Boxes along a line</p> 	<p>This macro will create a string of polygonal ROI's from a drawn central line. Dialogue options for the line type, drawing or entering the initial box dimensions, and whether the vertical edges of the polygons should be angled to follow the line.</p>
		<p>This macro can create ROI's from either Maxima, added Multi – points or from a list of ROI's in the RoiManager. There are options for method, ROI shape and size and whether to keep existing ROI's</p>
	<p>Create a Single Ring ROI</p> 	<p>This macro will create a single ring ROI from a drawn ROI Dialogue options to create the ring by entering the distances for enlarging or reducing of the original ROI, or by drawing the second ROI</p>










	<p>Create Ring ROI's from Multiple Original ROI's</p> 	<p>This macro will create ring ROI's from a list of existing ROIs. Dialogue options to create rings by enlarging or reducing or both from the original ROI, entering the distances for enlarging and reducing and options to keep or delete the original and intermediate ROIs</p>
		<p>This macro will create ring ROI's from a combined list of ROIs. Dialogue options to change the number and width of rings and also whether to keep or delete the original and intermediate ROIs</p>
	<p>Create an array of ROIs</p> 	<p>This macro creates an array of ROI's. Dialog options for Roi type (rectangle or oval), size, spacing and array number or an option to use direct input on the image</p>
	<p>Distance Between source and target ROI's</p> 	<p>This macro uses the signed Euclidian distance plugin to get the edge to edge, centre to centre, edge to centre and centre to edge distances between a Source ROI and target ROIS. Options to draw the source and target ROI's, select measurements and draw lines.</p>
	<p>Distance Between source and target ROI's Multi Channel</p>	<p>This macro uses the signed Euclidian distance plugin to get the edge to edge, centre to centre, edge to centre and centre to edge distances between a Source ROI and target ROIS from two different channels by threshold. Options to select channels, set threshold and analyse particle settings and whether to keep EDT images</p>

	<p>Distance Between 2 Nested ROI's</p> 	<p>This macro uses the signed Euclidian distance plugin to get the longest and shortest distances between 2 nested ROI's. Options to draw inner and outer ROI's and draw lines</p>
	<p>Distance Between source and target ROI's 3D</p>	<p>This macro uses the signed Euclidian distance plugin to get the distances from either the edge or the centre of the source ROI to the centre of the target ROIs in a 3D stack of images. Options to select source and target image channels. The Source channel (a single ROI) is either converted to binary or the "3D Object counter" plugin is used to generate centres and then the "Exact Signed Euclidean Distance Transform (3D)" plugin is run to create a distance map (EDF image). ROI's are generated from the Target channel using the "3D Object counter" plugin to get the X, Y, Z centre values. These are plotted on the EDF image to the nearest slice and then measured to get the distance value. A sub-Z measurement is also calculated from two adjoining slices</p>

Calibrate and Batch Macro


















	<p>Change Lookup Table</p>	<p>This macro allows quick selection of different LUTs (colours) to for each channel. Only the main LUTs are listed – red, green, blue, magenta, yellow, cyan, grey, Light Blue, HiLo (range indicator), 16 colours, and spectrum). NB. The Light Blue LUT has to be downloaded from our website and saved to the LUT directory of FIJI.</p>
	<p>Calibrate Re-sampled ZEN Tiled Images</p>	<p>This macro can be used to calibrate the re-sampled images from the Bio-Formats importer for tiles where only the full format is calibrated</p>
	<p>Calibrate Image</p>	<p>This macro will put back the calibration on an exported tiff format image from the FILM widefield microscopes for both the colour and Flash Cameras. The dialogue prompts for the microscope, camera and format as well as the export setting used</p>
	<p>Add Scale Bar</p>	<p>This is just a shortcut to FIJI's scale bar tool. (<Analyse><Tools><Scale Bar> command.)</p>

	Rotate	This macro will rotate an image by the amount needed to straighten a drawn line on the image. The dialogue prompts to draw a line. The macro enlarges the canvas (maintaining the full image) and rotates the image.
	Rotate and Crop	This macro will rotate an image by the amount needed to straighten a drawn line on the image. The dialogue prompts to draw a line. The macro enlarges the canvas (maintaining the full image) and rotates the image. Then there is a prompt to crop the rotated image.
	Save, Copy and Paste Brightness and Contrast Settings	This macro allows storing and retrieving the Brightness and Contrast settings for an image so that they can be used for other images later on.
	Merge RGB Images	This macro merges and overlays 2 RGB colour images. Images have to be of the same type.
	White Balance (for RGB images)	This macro is for correcting the white balance background of RGB colour images (histology) where the background has been captured with a colour cast.
	Invert Intensities	This macro Inverts the intensity values of the image. Works on all image formats except 32 Bit images. Useful for thresholding some images for tracking.
	Color Deconvolution shortcut	This macro uses the "Color Deconvolution" command to split a histologically stained RGB image into 3 components while maintaining the image calibration. Options to select the vector or User methods, and to run a smoothing filter and add titles to the resulting images. The available vector methods are read from the colourdeconvolution.txt file in the plugins folder and user values can be saved and re-read from the user ROI method or added to the plugin set.
	Batch Projection	This macro runs the z project function on a directory of images. Dialogue options for input and output directories and type of projection. NB The input directory must only have images to process and the Output directory must not be in the Input directory.
	Update these Macros	This macro updates to the latest macro versions. The computer needs to be a FILM user and also on the College Network (Mac users have to connect to the FILM Documentation server).

Series Macro
















	<p>Change Lookup Table</p>	<p>This macro allows quick selection of different LUTs (colours) to for each channel. Only the main LUTs are listed – red, green, blue, magenta, yellow, cyan, grey, Light Blue, HiLo (range indicator), 16 colours, and spectrum). NB. The Light Blue LUT has to be downloaded from our website and saved to the LUT directory of FIJI.</p>
	<p>Extract Best Focus</p>	<p>This macro allows manual extraction of the best focal plane from a timed Z series. The dialogue will prompt to sequentially select the best z position for each time point and then create a new single z focussed time series.</p>
	<p>Extract Best Z series</p>	<p>This macro allows manual extraction of the best focal range from a timed Z series. The dialogue will ask for the number of Z slices to retrieve and then prompt to sequentially select the best z position for each time point. It will then create a new z series based on the required number of slices centred on the focal plane.</p>
	<p>Manually Align Images Over Time</p>	<p>This macro allows manual alignment of images from a time series by using an ROI. It will prompt to draw an ROI and select the first time point and then prompt to sequentially to move the ROI to the correct position at each time point. It will create a new time series based on this alignment.</p>
	<p>Channel Shift Alignment (pixel based)</p>	<p>This macro will allow the pixel shift of one channel in a multichannel image (single, z and time) to correct for alignment. Options to select channel to shift and number of pixels in X and Y (works with both positive and negative shifts).</p>
	<p>Splits Library into tiffs</p>	<p>Splits a Leica.lif, velocity or Zen(tile or position) library file into individual images</p>
	<p>Split a stack of images (Z or time)</p>	<p>Splits the stack/time series into separate image sub (stack/time) series. Option to select either z or time to split and the number of splits requires (eg every 3rd frame – will produce 3 splits).</p>
	<p>Plot Change of Area Over Time</p>	<p>Option to run a minimum filter to reduce white and dark edges, select plot options and threshold image</p>
	<p>Select, copy and propagate one image or stack in a series</p>	<p>This macro can be used to copy a single image within a Z stack to all other images or to delete all other images. It can also be used for copying single channel stack in a multichannel Z time series (good for selecting the best focussed brightfield image in a z-stack confocal image).</p>
	<p>Manually Align Z-Stack</p>	<p>This macro can be used to manually join and align two Z-Stacks. Images have to be of the same type.</p>
	<p>Copy ROI's to time or Z series</p>	<p>This macro copies a list of ROI's in the ROI manager to each image in a Z or time series and flattens the final result. The dialogue will ask if you want to keep any existing ROI's and to add new ones. The image is then duplicated, converted to RGB before ROI's are added and flattened</p>

	Join, set LUT and Reset B&C for Z stacks	This macro can be used to load a related set of images, join them, select the LUTs and also resets brightness and contrast to Minimum/ Maximum levels. The number of images and their names are selected before opening. This is a useful tool for opening de-convolved images saved from Huygens.
	Random Cell Generator	This macro will generate cells in random positions in a Z stack and if the image is a time series then also generate random movement of these cells over time. Options to use the format from an open existing image or to create a new image, control of number and size of cells and the maximum distance allowed for their movement. Additional options to create or use exclusion/inclusion ROI's.
	Reverse Z stack	This macro reverses the order/direction of a Z-stack in a Hyperstack. (It will work on Multi-channel and time series)
	Bleach Correction	Bleach Correction: This macro will estimate a baseline intensity level in a selected background region (ROI) across the stack or time series. The Curve Fitting Tool using the Exponential with Offset equation (Formula: $y = a \cdot \exp(-bx) + c$) is used to get the value of c from this data. The Bleach Correction plugin using Simple Ratio and using the same ROI is run using this value of c as the background value.

Extras Macro



	Image Information	This macro gives a quick overview of an images' properties. It plots intensity curves and prints the image summary information on the graphs.
	Live Interactive Ruler	This macro will interactively display ruler length on the selected image. Options to select arrow or line format as well as colour.
	Add symbols and text to Image	This macro allows adding of non- standard text and symbols to images. Options for font, style, size and colour
	Set LUT to wavelength colour	This macro allows setting the look-up table colour of non RGB images to the colour represented by wavelengths
	Create a LUT selecting colour from an RGB image	This macro can create and save a lookup table from selecting a colour pixel in an RGB image.
	Invert Intensities	This macro Inverts the intensity values of the image. Works on all image formats except 32 Bit images. Useful for thresholding some images for tracking.
	Point Spread Function	This macro uses the OrthoSlice command to create a single "best" orthogonal view of a PSF. It will also create a scaled-up image. Dialogue options are available to add a scale bar on the final X-Y image.

	Heat Map from results table	This macro will generate a custom heat map from a results table. There are dialogue options for format, result parameters and LUT
	Quick Data Plot	This macro will create a graph plot from an open data table. There are options to select the X and Y data, plot type, colour and axis titles as well as general graph options
	Frame by Frame plot from data	This macro will create a frame-by-frame plot from a results or data table. There are options to select X and Y data and line colour
	Difference of Gaussians (edge detection)	This macro will create 2 Gaussian 32-bit images and then subtract 1 from the other - good for finding edges. Options to set the Sigma value for each image and whether to use scaled units. Output is a 16-bit image.
	Save individual images from a stack	This macro will save images from a stack naming them sequentially from 001. Options to select the new name and the location of the saved images
	Time Info Spark Image (LSM format)	This macro will read the time interval and extract the time frame data from a line scan LSM file format image. NB use the plugins link to the Bio-Formats Importer when opening the image not "File Open".