Imperial College London

Covid-19 behaviours in Vietnam

▶ Report September 2020

Insights and trends in people's behaviours related to COVID-19. Brought to you by a team of health and behavioural experts at the Institute of Global Health Innovation (IGHI) at Imperial College London and YouGov. These reports are created on a regular basis, following new survey results.



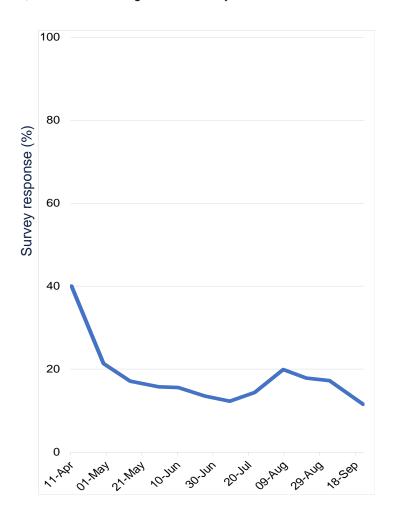


Are people in Vietnam returning to work?

This graph shows the percentage of people not working from outside their home between April and September, 2020.

As of September 22nd 2020

Thinking about the next 7 days... will you be working outside your home in one of the following roles? Percentage of respondents that answered, "No, I will not be working from outside my home".



The share of people who have stated they will not be working from outside their home has decreased since April.

12%



of people in Vietnam will not be working outside their homes

28pp*



decrease in people not working outside their home compared to April

Among respondents who stated they would be working outside their home, **school** (23%), **delivering to homes** (17%) and **healthcare** (14%) work accounted for the largest share of people working outside the home.



^{*}pp= percentage point

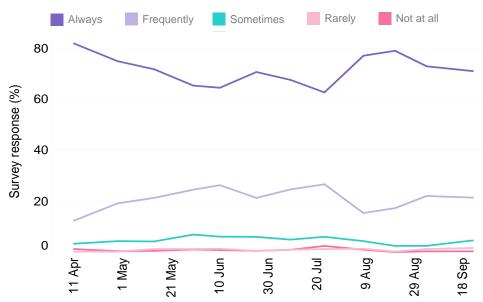


How likely are people in Vietnam to wear face masks?

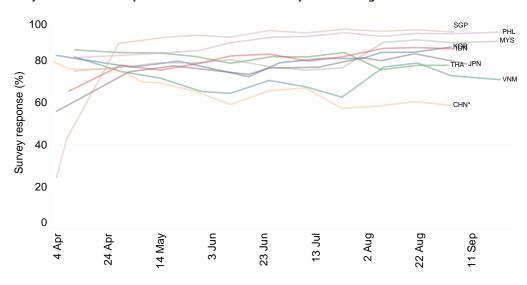
These graphs show the face mask use in Vietnam between April and September, 2020 and a comparison with other Asian countries.

As of September 22nd, 71% of respondents in Vietnam reported always wearing a face mask outside their home. The share of these respondents has consistently remained over 60% throughout the survey period. Across Asian countries surveyed the same week, Singapore and the Philippines have the highest share of respondents who always wear a face mask outside their homes while China has the lowest (59%).

Thinking about the last 7 days how often have you worn a face mask outside your home to protect yourself or others from coronavirus (COVID-19)? (%)



European country breakdown of respondents who answered "Always" to wearing a face mask outside the home (%).



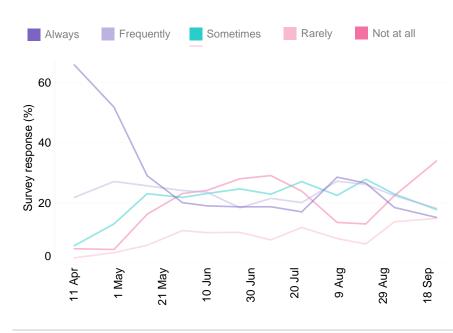
*China is representative of the 'online population'. All other countries, areas or territories are representative of the national population



How are behaviours in Vietnam changing?

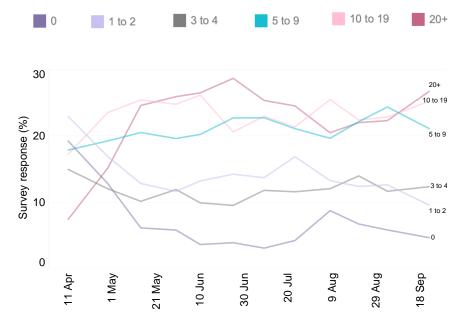
These graphs show the changes in behaviours in Vietnam between April and September, 2020.

Thinking about the last 7 days... how often have you avoided letting your children go to school/university (if you have children) to protect yourself or others from coronavirus (COVID-19)? (%)



Compared to April, the share of respondents that reported always avoiding letting their children go to school decreased from 66% to 15%, while those that reported not at all avoiding it have increased from 5% to 35%.

Thinking about the last 7 days... how often have you come into physical contact with someone outside your household? (excluding those in your household)



Between April and September, the share of respondents that have 20+contacts outside their household has increased from 7% to 27% while those who have reported no contact at all outside their household has decreased from 19% to 5%.

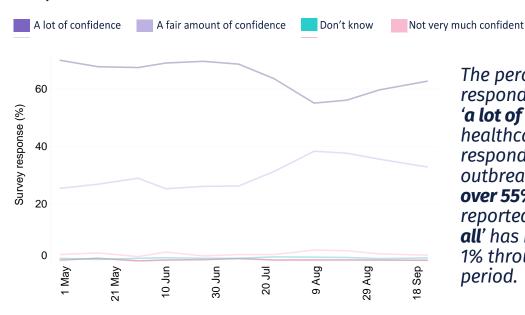


How confident are people in the healthcare system and government responses to COVID-19?

These graphs show confidence in response and handling of the pandemic by the healthcare system and the government.

As of September 22nd, 96% of respondents stated a lot or a fair amount of confidence in the healthcare system's response to a COVID-19 outbreak. 94% of respondents believe the government handled the issue of the Coronavirus very or somewhat well.

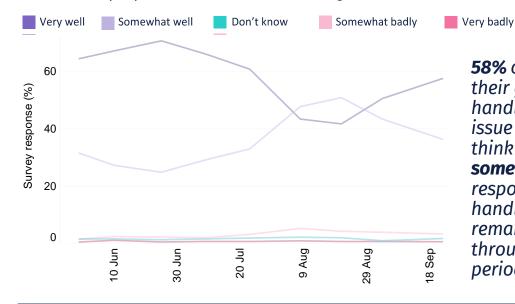
How much confidence do you have in the healthcare system to respond to a Coronavirus (COVID-19) outbreak in your country?



The percentage of respondents who reported 'a lot of confidence' in the healthcare system to respond to a COVID-19 outbreak has remained over 55% while those who reported 'no confidence at all' has remained low at 0-1% throughout the survey period.

No confidence at all

How well or badly do you think the Government are handling the issue of the Coronavirus (COVID-19)?



58% of respondents think their government has handled the Coronavirus issue very well while 36% think they handled it somewhat well. Only 1% of respondents believe it was handled very badly and has remained consistent throughout the survey period.

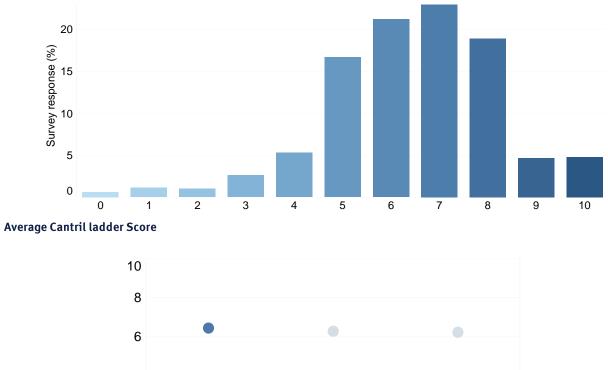


How does Vietnam's life satisfaction compare to that of its peers?

This graph shows the life satisfaction score of Vietnam compared to other Asian countries surveyed.

Vietnam reported a life satisfaction score comparable to other Asian countries surveyed the same week (September 21st through September 28th).

Please imagine a ladder with steps numbered from zero at the bottom to 10 at the top. The top of the ladder represents the best possible life for you and the bottom represents the worst possible life for you. On which step of the ladder would you position yourself in? (%)





The Cantril ladder serves as a proxy for life satisfaction. Life satisfaction is a powerful measure of the quality of people's lives. The annual World Happiness Report attributes the differences over time and between countries to good health, income and the quality of social environment. These factors are changing under COVID-19, often in ways we have never experienced before. The YouGov life satisfaction data, collected regularly as the pandemic evolves in each surveyed country, provide a valuable barometer reading of life under COVID-19, reflecting each country's institutions and policies.

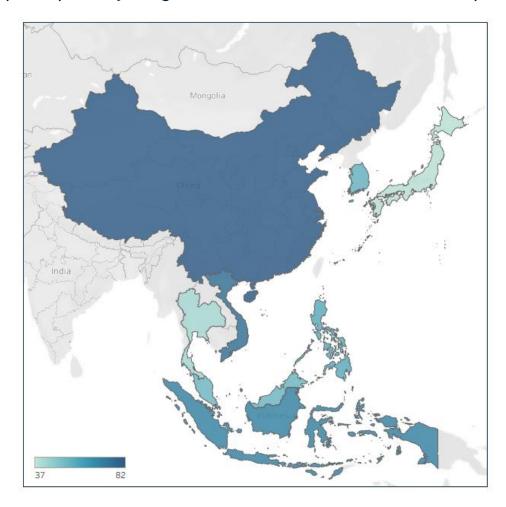
*China is representative of the 'online population'. All other countries, areas or territories are representative of the national population

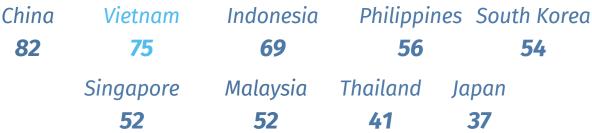


How does Vietnam's government response compare to that of its peers?

This map highlights the government stringency score in Vietnam and other Asian countries surveyed.

As of September 24th, China had the most stringent government and Japan had the least stringent across Asian countries surveyed. The University of Oxford's Government Stringency Index is a measure of the number and severity of measures put in place by the governments to address the COVID-19 pandemic.





Policy measures and dates are provided by University of Oxford https://bit.ly/34DPZzB



About this report

Led by Imperial College London's Institute of Global Health Innovation (IGHI) and YouGov

Imperial College London

Institute of Global Health Innovation

- Professor the Lord Ara Darzi of Denham Co-Director, IGHI
- ► Sarah P. Jones
 Faculty of Medicine,
 Department of Surgery &
 Cancer Research Postgraduate
- Melanie Leis Director, Big Data and Analytical Unit (BDAU), IGHI
- ► Dr David Nabarro Co-Director, IGHI Special Envoy of WHO Director General on COVID-19
- Gianluca Fontana Operations Director and Senior Policy Fellow, IGHI
- ▶ Dr Roberto Fernandez Crespo Analytics Fellow, BDAU
- ► Dr Manar Shafat Contributor, BDAU
- ► Natalie Melas-Kyriazi Contributor, BDAU

Research contributors



Professor John F. Helliwell Co-editor, World Happiness Report

Vancouver School of Economics at the University of British Columbia, Research Associate of the NBER and Distinguished Fellow of the Canadian Institute for Advanced Research

Professor Jeffrey D. Sachs Co-editor, World Happiness Report

Director of the Center for Sustainable Development at Columbia University Director of the UN Sustainable Development Solutions Network and SDG Advocate under Secretary-General António Guterres



Professor the Lord Richard Layard Co-editor, World Happiness Report

Founder-Director of the Centre for Economics Performance at the London School of Economics Co-founder of Action for Happiness

Professor Jan-Emmanuel De Neve Co-editor, World Happiness Report

Director of the Wellbeing Research Centre at University of Oxford KSI Fellow and Vice-Principal of Harris Manchester College

Realised by

MADE BY MANY

Contributors to the Imperial College London - YouGov survey include: Professor Helen Ward, Dr. Christina J. Atchinson, Dr. Benjamin C. Lambert, and Gavin Ellison

The Imperial College London - YouGov team wishes to express their grateful support to Stephan Shakespeare, Marcus Roberts, Alex MacIntosh, Chris Curtis, Eir Nolsoe, Sharon Paculor, Lenny Naar, Alice Blencowe, Steve Adams from Visual DJ Ltd. and volunteers from Made by Many: Rebecca Foy, Anna Pagan, Gareth Cozens, Callum Jefferies, Neethu Mathew, Micha Nicheva, Kristof Goossens

Supporters



This research is made possible by generous support for the public good from YouGoy Plc.

The Imperial College London - YouGov team gratefully acknowledges the kind support of Edelman Intelligence for their global social listening contribution

Imperial College London



For more behavioural data on a global level, visit coviddatahub.com to explore our interactive charts

The CovidDataHub.com project is a joint collaboration between the Institute of Global Health Innovation (IGHI) at Imperial College London and YouGov Plc to gather global insights on people's behaviours and life satisfaction in response to COVID-19. The research covers 29 countries, areas or territories and surveys are conducted on a regular basis since the first week of April.

This report is designed to provide insights on how different populations are responding to the pandemic, helping public health bodies in their efforts to limit the impact of the disease. Anonymised respondent level data is generously made available for all public health and academic institutions globally by YouGov Plc at our GitHub site.

In collaboration with

YouGov